

## OLD OFFICERS IN GERMANY IN GOV'T CONTROL

London Daily Mail Correspondent Says They Are Planning Coup d'Etat.

## HAVE BULLIED GOV'T.

Geneva Hears That Armistice Negotiations Have Been Suspended.

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
London, Eng., Feb. 27.—The monarchists of Germany contemplate a coup d'etat, in the opinion of the Daily Mail's correspondent at Berlin, who says that the old officers' class with the general staff has gradually been getting the whip hand since January 13, and is now virtually in power. The correspondent adds that the coup d'etat would be carried out in Berlin alone and for a time would probably be successful, although it would be certain to result in ruthless civil warfare and unscrupulous political murders. A large number of officers are said to be associated with the movement, which aims at the overthrow of the present government and the restoration of the old order.

"At a secret meeting of the monarchists at Charlottenburg on February 16, Major John Herrington, son of the former Secretary of War, presiding, thirty officers who attended are said to have pledged to keep in their homes quantities of munitions for emergency purposes and to assemble at certain places when called upon."

The correspondent says that the organization of a new body of troops, a step which can alone save the government from the Spartacists and extremists, has been possible only by reason of the government yielding to the old officers, "who have already bullied the government into winking at numerous political crimes and arbitrary acts."

**Suspend Negotiations.**  
By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 26.—(Delayed.)—This evening's Swiss newspapers print dispatches from Berlin stating that owing to the sudden suspension of armistice negotiations the German commission has left Spa for Berlin. The reason for the reported suspension of negotiations is not given.

Gen. Ludendorff is expected to arrive in Berlin tomorrow and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg will join him there shortly.

**Washington Uninformed.**  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Officials here believe that the Berlin dispatches in Swiss newspapers relative to "suspension" of armistice negotiations resulted either from mis-information or misconception. No advice has been received here to cast doubt on the earlier reports concerning the acceptance by the Germans of the armistice terms with accessions to the drastic renewal provisions.

**Tear Up Rails.**  
By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Weimar, Germany, Feb. 27.—The special assembly train which runs daily between Weimar and Berlin was diverted by way of Leipzig today because strikers at Halle had torn up the rails there. The last train to pass thru Halle ran at top speed because it had been learned the Spartacists had planned seize it.

**Government Sends Troops.**  
By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Berlin, Feb. 27.—The government has sent an ample force to Halle, Saxony, to protect property and restore normal conditions, it is announced.

## Two Young Sterling Girls Were Sent Home

Officer Whetstone at midnight picked up on the streets Thelma Deleary, aged 13, and Gladys Hardesty, aged 15, Sterling girls who had run away from home yesterday morning and for whom the local police had been asked to look. They were sent home at 2:16 this morning and the Sterling girls were notified to be at the train to take charge of them. The Deleary girl, it was stated by the authorities, had run away from home last week with a girl named Geiger, also 13 years of age, and had been apprehended at Clinton.

## Company F to Give Dance Tomorrow Eve

The members of Company F announce another of their happy dancing parties to be given at the Armory tomorrow evening, and an invitation is extended all their friends. The Marquette orchestra will furnish the music.

## CONSOLIDATION WOULD BENEFIT THE CITY IN MANY VITAL RESPECTS

School Requirements Are Advancing — Schools Must Keep Step.

## NO BUILDING NOW

Tax Rates Are As Apt to Be High on South Side as on North Side.

In considering the question of our public schools from the standpoint of the city as a whole, it seems of first importance that there be a uniform course of study and uniform text books throughout the entire city. This cannot be accomplished while the schools in one locality are under one management and those in another part of the city under an entirely separate management. Where there are now two directing boards and two superintendents, there should be but one. This is the first and most important argument in favor of consolidating our two school districts.

Those who have lived in Dixon during the past 30 or 40 years will remember that this question has been raised before and arguments many and varied, advanced for and against the union.

In years gone by Dixon people did not feel the necessity of teaching advanced branches in the public schools, for the reason that the Dixon College was a large and flourishing institution located in our midst, maintaining an able corps of instructors and offering varied courses of study. Then many of our young people left the public schools before completing the course and attended the college, choosing such studies as they wished to pursue further and fitting themselves there for some vocation. This institution no longer exists, and in order that our young people may complete these courses of study and remain at home, we wish them taught in the high schools, together with such special branches and vocational training as are offered by schools in communities of like size. Dixon does not like to be second in its educational advantages.

School requirements are advancing and we are glad of it. A school that was satisfactory twenty years ago is no longer so. More subjects must be treated and they should be handled by high grade instructors and with the assistance of the most approved equipment. Salaries are high-

(Continued on Page Five.)

## FREEPORT MAN CUT THROAT YESTERDAY

Henry Lenz Took Own Life After Attempt to Kill His Wife Failed.

Freeport, Ill., Feb. 26.—After failing in an attempt to kill his wife with a butcher's knife, Henry Lenz, residing at 72 Kickapoo street, slashed his own throat with the knife about 1 o'clock this afternoon inflicting injuries from which he died a few hours later. The man cut his throat from ear to ear, severing the windpipe and the jugular vein. The affair occurred at the Lenz home about 1 o'clock.

It is alleged by the wife that Lenz attacked her with the knife, threatening to kill her, but failed in the attempt. He slashed at her with the knife but struck her across the hand, which she raised to protect herself, inflicting deep wounds across the fingers. Mrs. Lenz then rushed to the home of a neighbor.

## RED CROSS ROOMS OVER TELEGRAPH

The permanent headquarters of the Dixon Red Cross chapter have been moved from the court house to the second floor of The Evening Telegraph building, on the corner of First street and Ottawa avenue. The ladies moved their equipment today and are now installed in The Telegraph building where they will continue their work.

## Moose Will Re-open Charter for Campaign

At the meeting of the Dixon lodge L. O. O. Moose last evening, which was attended by District Organizer Earl Hasey, it was decided to re-open the charter and to inaugurate a big membership campaign. The new drive will start at once and will continue until late into the summer. For the present local members will be in charge of the campaign, and later a state organizer will come to help in the work.

## DISCUSSING THE LEAGUE TO ENFORCE "PEACE"



## Rev. F. D. Altman Gives Reasons Why Dixon School Districts Should Be One

(BY REV. F. D. ALTMAN.)

I am pleased with the present movement to unify the school system of our city. Two school boards and two superintendents in a burgh of this size is one too many of each. Two city administrations, with mayor and four commissioners on each side of the river, we deem unnecessary. Whatever apologies may have been urged in the past for permitting and continuing this divided condition in our schoolwork in Dixon, the time has surely come for a change.

Let us not forget the traditions, meet any legal requirements and plan for a stronger and more efficient school system. There is no interest more vital and important than the education of our children. Our best thought and attention should be given to the subject.

A few reasons why our schools should be under the direction of one Board of Education:

- 1.—There would be uniformity in the entire city in text books, rules governing pupils and the question of north or south side would not be raised.
- 2.—A superintendent would not be annoyed by hearing of different methods and plans on this or that side of the river.
- 3.—In size the whole city district would probably not be much, if any, larger than the average country school district, with walking conditions improved.

4.—In the interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

5.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

6.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

7.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

8.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

9.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

10.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

11.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

12.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

13.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

14.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

15.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

16.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

17.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

18.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

19.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

20.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

21.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

22.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

23.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

## PRESIDENT TELLS OF HIS PLANS FOR WORLD SOCIETY OF NATIONS

State Dinner at White House for Members of Committees.

## FAR INTO THE NIGHT

Report That President Went Into Secret Reasons for Measures.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—Following speeches in the senate today by Senator Cummins of Iowa, Republican, opposing the league of nations plan, and by Senator Owen of Oklahoma, Democrat, who suggested an amendment preserving American sovereignty in domestic affairs, President Wilson explained his views to members of the congressional committees on foreign affairs at a dinner at the White House tonight.

After the dinner the president and his guests adjourned to the executive study, where over the cigars the millennial project to war on war until war is banished from earth was discussed in every phase. At a late hour the White House was ablaze with light, the debate in the study was in full blast, and so far as could be ascertained neither the president nor any of the senators and representatives had lost his temper.

## Imparts Secret Reason.

Such tidings of the conference as penetrated to the outer world indicated that the president was making good his promise to impart some, if not all, of the secret and mysterious reasons for various provisions of the league of nations constitutions to which exception has been taken on the score of insufficient protection of American national interest.

It also transpired that the president was questioned closely by Senators Lodge and Knox concerning the possibilities of invasion of American sovereignty and the fate of the Monroe doctrine which, Mr. Wilson contends, the league plan extends to the whole world.

The only members of the committees absent from the dinner were Senator Borah of Idaho, who declined the invitation, Senator Fall of New Mexico, who is away and declined, and Representative Shackelford of Missouri, who is ill.

Those present at the dinner were: President Wilson.

Democratic members of the senate foreign relations committee—Gilbert M. Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman; John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, Claude A. Swanson of Virginia, Atlee Pomerene of Ohio, Marcus A. Smith of Arizona, Willard Saulsbury of Delaware, Key Pittman of Nevada, John K. Shields of Tennessee, Charles S. Thomas of Colorado, Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas.

Republican members of the senate foreign relations committee—Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, William Alden Smith of Michigan, Porter J. McCumber of North Carolina, Frank B. Brandegee of Connecticut, Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania.

## House Well Represented.

Democratic members of the house committee on foreign relations—Henry D. Flood of Virginia, chairman; J. Charles Linthicum of Maryland, William S. Goodwin of Arkansas, Charles M. Stedman of North Carolina, Pat Harrison of Mississippi, Charles B. Smith of New York, Adolph J. Sabath of Illinois, J. Willard Ragsdale of South Carolina, George Huddleston of Alabama, Tom Connally of Texas, Thomas F. Smith of New York.

Republican members of the house committee on foreign relations—Henry Allen Cooper of Wisconsin, Stephen G. Porter of Pennsylvania, John Jacob Rogers of Massachusetts, Henry W. Temple of Pennsylvania, George Edmund Foss of Illinois, Clarence B. Miller of Minnesota, Luther W. Mott of New York, Ambrose Kennedy of Rhode Island.

8.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

9.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

10.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

11.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

12.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

13.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

14.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

15.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

16.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

17.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

18.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

19.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

20.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

21.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

22.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

23.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

24.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

25.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

26.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

27.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

28.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

29.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

30.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

31.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

32.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

33.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

34.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

35.—With a larger body of students in the High School, and equipment accordingly, more interest would be awakened, better school spirit, pupils from the townships after finishing the grades would desire to attend our High School, and they should be encouraged to do so, and our schools would mean more to our boys and girls by reason of improved conditions.

After a few years of experience some who are now doubtful about the wisdom of the movement would wonder that the union had been so long delayed.

36.—The interests of efficiency there ought to be no doubt, Gen. Foch did better service than four or five acting independently.

37.—The Dixon school system should stand as a unit. It would place our city in the proper light in the educational reports of the state and would be more satisfactory.

38.—There would be economy in the new plan of unification. We now support two superintendents and high school faculties. A reduction in the force with an advance in compensation to one superintendent and one faculty would be agreeable to the teaching force and should be viewed with complacency by those anxious about the tax levy.

## CITY MANAGER FOR CHICAGO IN NEW LEGISLATION

Non-Partisan Council with Mayor Acting as City Manager Proposed.

## INVESTIGATE COMBINE?

Legislature Votes to Apportion Committee to Look Into Alleged "Combine."

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Bills proposing substantially a managerial form of government for Chicago were introduced in the senate today by Senator Barber and in the house by Rep. Dahlberg. The measures propose the election of a mayor by the city council who would retain this office for indeterminate term and the election of thirty-five aldermen, one from each ward, on non-partisan basis. The aldermen would serve four years and be subject to limited recall.

Provision is made for referendum on the measure before it might become effective in case it passes the legislature. The terms of the mayor and aldermen elected at the coming April election would not be affected by the new legislation. The city clerk and city treasurer would be named by the council.

Among the Chicago organizations who are said to have given approval to the new system are the Chicago Association of Commerce, the City Club, the Citizens Association, the Civic Federation, the Chicago Real Estate Board, the Women's City Club and the Cook County Real Estate Board.

## To Investigate "Combine."

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—The house today, without a dissenting vote, adopted the Bailey resolution providing for the investigation of the alleged combine of manufacturers of building materials to fix prices and reap a reward from the big construction projects of the state. Democratic leaders were assured they would be given ample representation on the investigating body.

Favorable action was taken by the house roads and bridge committee on the senate joint resolution naming a committee to report on the offer of two million carloads of gravel free for the hauling to the state.

## WILSON AND TAFT TO TALK AT SAME MEET

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Washington, Feb. 27.—President Wilson has accepted an invitation to speak in New York City next Tuesday on the eve of his again sailing for France. It is understood that former President Taft will be a special speaker at the same meeting, which will be held under the auspices of a non-partisan committee, representing societies which advocate a League of Nations. Mr. Wilson is said to be very anxious to have Mr. Taft speak at this meeting with him.

## Firemen Had Two Calls This Morning

The fire department responded to two calls this morning, but neither fire resulted in any great damage. The first alarm came at 7 o'clock and called the firemen to the residence of Milton Pyfer, 916 Seventh street, where a burning-out chimney caused apprehension. The second alarm was at 8:30 and was from the J. P. McIntyre home, 617 Jackson ave. where a blaze of unknown inception caused slight damage to a dresser, the window frame and the baseboard in an upstairs bedroom.

## BABY DIED IN NIGHT; CORONER WAS SUMMONED

Helen Leona Smith, the five months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Smith, 811 W. First street, passed away at their home at 3 o'clock this morning, death resulting from convulsions. The little one was born Nov. 1, 1918, and is survived by her parents. Funeral services will be held tomorrow, with burial at Oakwood.

## Called Coroner.

The baby was dead when the physician arrived and because the child died without medical attendance, it was necessary to notify the coroner. That official, Samuel J. Whetstone, of He was at the ministry of war from Steward, will arrive in Dixon some 10:15 until 11 o'clock this morning-time late today.

## THE WEATHER

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27.

By Associated Press Leased Wire

Illinois—Unsettled tonight and Friday with probable snow in north and rain or snow in south; somewhat warmer in extreme south tonight; colder in west and south Friday.

## COURT TAKES RECESS.

Judge Rarrand has adjourned the January term of the Circuit court until March 15, when some further chancery matters will be taken up.

Father Joseph Kearney, of Chicago, is here for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Anna Kearney, and brother, Charles eKearney.

## Woman is Nominated as U. S. Prosecutor

By Associated Press Leased Wire

Washington, Feb. 27.—Nominations sent to the senate today by President Wilson included:

To be United States Attorneys—

Mrs. Annette Adams, San Francisco, north district California; Edward C. Knotts, Springfield, southern district Illinois.

Word was received by friends in Dixon today of the death in Blairtown, Iowa, of Mrs. A. J. Meierhoff, whose husband was pastor of the South Dixon charge of the Evangelical church about three years ago, and is well known here.

Rev. and Mrs. Meierhoff moved to Iowa two weeks ago. They were only married on February 5, and the sudden death of the bride from tonsillitis will be a shock to the many friends here. Mrs. Meierhoff's home was in Joliet, Ill. Rev. Meierhoff, who was very well known and extremely popular in Dixon, has been in "Y" work at the Great Lakes naval training station until recently.

Word has been received in Dixon to the effect that President Wilson yesterday sent to the Senate the nomination of Postmaster William F. Hogan of this city to succeed himself for another term of four years. The Dixon postmaster's term of office expired last October, but because of the great amount of other business before him, the President had not been able to act on the nomination until the present. The announcement that Mr. Hogan will continue in charge of the post office for another term will be happily received by his many friends. He has made an excellent postmaster and has always striven to operate the office for the convenience of its patrons.

Word was received by friends in Dixon today of the death in Blairtown, Iowa, of Mrs. A. J. Meierhoff, whose husband was pastor of the South Dixon charge of the Evangelical church about three years ago, and is well known here.

Rev. and Mrs. Meierhoff moved to Iowa two weeks ago. They were only married on February 5, and the sudden death of the bride from tonsillitis will be a shock to the many friends here. Mrs. Meierhoff's home was in Joliet, Ill. Rev. Meierhoff, who was very well known and extremely popular in Dixon, has been in "Y" work at the Great Lakes naval training station until recently.



## SCHEDULE FOR ROCKFORD DISTRICT BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT

February 27 and 28, March 1

a. Belvidere	5.	13.
b. Sterling	6.	17.
c. De Kalb	7.	14.
d. Lanark	8.	19.
e. McHenry	9.	15.
f. Paw Paw	10.	18.
g. Sycamore	11.	16.
h. Dixon	12.	
i. Savanna	13.	
j. Winnebago	14.	
k. Mt. Carroll	15.	
l. Rockford	16.	
m. No. Dixon	17.	
n. Morrison	18.	
o. Rock Falls	19.	
p. Pecatonica	20.	
q. Galena	21.	
r. Freeport	22.	
s. Mt. Morris	23.	
t. Rollo	24.	

THURSDAY, 7 P. M.—Games 1, 2 and 3.  
 FRIDAY, 9 A. M.—Games 4, 5 and 6.  
 FRIDAY, 2 P. M.—Games 7, 8 and 9.  
 FRIDAY, 7 P. M.—Games 10, 11 and 12.  
 SATURDAY, 8 A. M.—Games 13, 14, 15 and 16.  
 SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.—Games 17 and 18.  
 SATURDAY, 8 P. M.—Game 19 (Final).

## MYSTERY OF LIFE

Who Knows Where It Comes From or What It Is?

Marked Difference Between Mankind and the Wild Things, in Their View of Death—Lower Animals Little Impressed.

Some folks talk about "the mystery of life," and it is as good a way as any to speak of it. For, truth is, nobody seems to know anything about life. Yet everything pays more attention to living than to anything else. Practically every motive in the world, among the wild things, is to live.

Not even man, with all his knowledge, knows where life comes from, or what it is. George F. Burba writes in the Columbus Dispatch.

It is just the opposite of death, he will tell you; one either lives or dies. If he is living, the body is in a certain condition. The blood flows through the veins. The heart beats. The body is warm. One is conscious of that which goes on about him. The very opposite is true when a thing is dead, whether the thing is a man or a dog or a bird or a fish. But the why of it all—nobody understands that.

The wild things strive with all their might to escape death, but they pay little attention to the dead things about them. It doesn't seem to make any impression upon an animal to run upon another animal that is dead, out in the woods. They fear death, but they do not respect the dead, nor show any emotion in the presence of death. They do not know what it is—that is, they do not know that it is death. They encounter it in the woods as dead and done for. If it is something they want to devour, they devour it; if it is not, they pass on without paying much attention to it.

Death is more of a mystery to man. That is, it impresses him to a greater extent. He thinks more of it. He tries no harder to live than do the wild things, but there is something in connection with the presence of a dead creature that impresses a human being. This is especially true if one encounters death out in the fields or woods. Tramping through a forest, and coming suddenly upon a dead animal, one pauses in contemplation of the mystery before him. Yesterday a splendid stag, let us say, roaming the woods in triumph; strong and swift and beautiful; conscious of his strength and fleetness; living—breathing, seeing, feeling. Today—there he lies. His coat roughened by the winds or rain, his eyes sightless, his limbs without motion—unconscious he lies there like a log rotting in the elements. Can this be the stag of yesterday? Is the thing called life all he needs today to arouse him from the slumber—to smooth his splendid coat, to bring the gleam of light into the eye, to give speed to the limbs? Then, whence the thing called life? Or, from whence did it come in the beginning?

Thus do we meditate and marvel at the mystery of life and death when we are in the presence of death—especially if we encounter it in the great shadows of the forest—out where there is nothing to interrupt us, out where reigns that which gives life and which recalls it!

## Few Reminders of Raids.

Stodious lovers of London will not fail to notice how swiftly, true to her marvelous gift of eternal youth, she is obliterating every trace of the air raid period as if it had never been. Some of the scars made by enemy bombs still remain, as in the wholesale market in Covent Garden, but they might pass as unnoticed as the effects of recent fires which are always to be found in the great city. Notices of the air raid shelters are, however, already hard to find; an odd one may be discovered on a lamp post in Tottenham Court road, or at Gresham college, which had not found leisure to tear down the shabby poster about its use as an air raid shelter; while in Southampton row the New Zealand record office has not yet demolished its sandbag revetment. Speaking generally, however, all signs of the reign of terror by night have "vanished like the baseless fabric of a dream, leaving not a wrack behind."—London Globe.

## Paper Underclothing.

An excellent and durable quality of underclothing has been made of a fine-grained paper by Japanese manufacturers. After the paper has been cut to a pattern the different parts are sewn together and hemmed, and the places where the buttonholes are to be formed are strengthened with calico or linen. The paper is very strong and at the same time very flexible. After a garment has been worn a few hours it will interfere with the perspiration of the body no more than do garments made of cotton fabric. The paper is not sized, nor is it impermeable. After becoming wet the paper is difficult to tear. When an endeavor is made to tear it by hand it presents almost as much resistance as the thin skin used for making gloves.

## Use for War Materials.

The British ministry of reconstruction, according to the Daily Mail, is embarking upon a scheme of rural development by the construction of a large number of light railways to connect the country districts with the main railways. The cost will be shared by county authorities and the government. The lines will be leased to operating companies under adequate guarantees. Enormous quantities of material used by the British army in France will be utilized.

Have you looked at the yellow tag on your Telegraph?

## UNCLE SAM: "HERE'S THE BILL! YOU MUST PAY IT THROUGH VICTORY LIBERTY BONDS."



## A Business Proposition

By WILL PAYNE.

Secretary Glass said the Victory Liberty Loan should appeal to the patriotism of the people of the United States and not be merely a business proposition.

Isn't that so? It was no business proposition that sent two million young Americans to France and made nearly two million more give up their time for more than a year to train for going. This Victory Loan is to pay for equipping them, sending them over, keeping them there and fetching them back. Will you look one of them in the face and say, "As soon as you stopped fighting and I had given you three hearty cheers you became just a business proposition?"

But the loan is a business proposition, too—this way: You are Uncle Sam—a hundred odd million of you, individually. Says Uncle Sam to himself, "I owe several million dollars—owe it now on due and maturing obligations that must be met to the last cent. My credit is practically unlimited. I can borrow that money of the banks. They've got to lend it to me. That will mean a huge inflation of bank credit—bank loans all swollen up with my paper—banks consequently in a poorer condition to take care of the ordinary business of the country."

But if I do borrow the money of the banks I've got to pay them back some time. There are only two ways in which a man can finally get out of debt. One way is to sell some property and pay up; the other way is to earn more than he spends, saving the difference. I have no property to sell. Can't sell the White House or the national forests. The second way is the only way for me. "Shall I borrow the money from the banks now and thereby put off the real settlement, or shall a hundred million individual Uncle Sams right now save out of their incomes and lend the saving to the collective Uncle Sam, thereby enabling him to pay the bills and wipe the slate, with no inflation, leaving the banks in sound condition to meet the needs of ordinary business?"

That is the question. It is your debt. You owe the money. Finally you've got to pay it in some fashion. To lend in on the banks now is the most expensive way temporarily to dispose of it. To save, individually, is the best and cheapest way. Even valuing patriotism, it comes down to a business proposition. Only the savings and subscriptions of the whole public can take care of the loan without inflation.

## HELP "FINISH THE JOB."

## THE FUN OF SAVING MONEY.

The fun of saving money! Best fun in the world, once you get started. Great game, isn't it, where every player wins, always, and no one could possibly lose.

What's the fun consist of? What constitutes the fun of any good game? The planning, the struggle, the contest; the spirit of competition, emulation, excitement; the rush, the climax, the triumph of making goal.

What's the cost, the price of admission? Just the cost of any good game; time, energy, the letting go of nonessentials for the joy of realized ambition and success.

What's the reward? The game and its gaining. The bliss of fighting, climbing, fighting and climbing to win. What's the method? Begin and keep going. Make a start, set a goal and attain it. Start again and make the same goal in shorter period. Set a new and sterner goal and time limit and beat the record again.

Uncle Sam can't be beat as a partner, game credits cost up before you know it, and it doesn't cost much to sit in.

Ladies, when you need a renewal of engraved calling cards bring your copper plate to the E. F. Shaw Pig Co., Dixon.

## VICTORY LOAN AN APPEAL TO OUR BUSINESS SENSE

As a Business Proposition No Man Can Afford Not to Subscribe to Full Limit of His Ability.

By EDGAR RICE BURROUGHS, Author of "Tarzan of the Apes."

There are an infinite number of excellent reasons why we should support the Victory Liberty Loan. The finest sentiments we possess must prompt us to subscribe to this loan even more freely than we did to the others. The government must get money or it would not ask us for it. The man who was prompted to lend in the past through fear that if he did not the Germans might get over here and make it unpleasant for him is mighty "yellow" if he will not subscribe, now that the danger is past.

Our response to previous loans indicated that we were thoroughly in accord with the principles for which we were fighting, and by our response we authorized the expenditure of the sums necessary properly to prosecute the war. These enormous expenses must continue for some time. The obligations involved must not be repudiated. They are our obligations as individuals and we must look upon them as such. It is not only a matter of necessity; it is a matter of personal honor for us to meet these obligations promptly and gladly.

On the other hand, there is in the Victory loan an appeal to our business sense as well as to our patriotism. There is the appeal to self-interest, for the loan is not to be without profit to us. We are given an opportunity to invest in an absolutely safe security, and we will receive a good rate of interest. As a business proposition no man can afford not to subscribe to the full limit of his ability.

And there is another reason why we should subscribe every cent that we can rake and scrape together. It is this: If the government cannot raise the necessary funds by the sale of Liberty bonds, it must do it by direct taxation. The government has the power to tax us to meet these obligations, and if we are taxed we will never get the principal back again.

It seems to me that both the wisdom and necessity for fully and immediately subscribing this Fifth Liberty Loan must be obvious to anyone whose mentality is greater than that of a child of ten. We are supposed to be an intelligent people, capable of governing ourselves and others. We pride ourselves upon our business acumen, upon our energy and upon our patriotism. In the Victory Liberty Loan we shall have an opportunity to prove to the world that we are better than vain boasters, and that we are fully deserving of the estimate which we have placed upon ourselves as a people.

The time is here. The opportunity is here. The eyes of the world are upon us—upon you. What the world shall think of us depends not upon the action of others but upon what you do—YOU.

## HELP "FINISH THE JOB."

## To Bring Soldiers Back.

Part of the proceeds of the Victory Liberty Loan are to be used to bring our soldiers and sailors back and restore them to the useful occupations of peace. Every true-blue 100 per cent American should have a part in this work.

## HELP "FINISH THE JOB."

## It's Not Time to Quit.

The Germans, not the Americans, were the quitters, but our work is not finished until we have brought the victors home. Let's finish the job by oversubscribing the Victory Liberty Loan as we did all its predecessors.

—Anyone having copies of Jan. 29, 1919 Telegraph, please give to carrier, or bring to this office.

## EVERYBODY IS NOW FIGURING INCOME TAX

In Order to Be Helpful to Public, Internal Revenue Bureau Has Every Available Officer in Field.

## SEVERE PENALTIES IF YOU DELAY BEYOND MARCH 15

With the due date for Income Taxes only a few weeks away, the collection of this far-reaching tax on 1918 incomes has started off with a bang. Everybody is figuring income tax.

Payments and sworn statements of income must reach Internal Revenue offices on or before March 15, and there are severe penalties for delinquency.

Residents of Illinois should file their returns and pay taxes to the nearest of the following Collectors of Internal Revenue: Julius F. Smietanka, Chicago; Edward D. McCabe, Peoria; John L. Pickering, Springfield; John M. Rapp, East St. Louis.

"Pay your Income Tax by March 15," is the slogan of the Internal Revenue Bureau, which has sent every available officer into the field to help the public to understand the requirements and to prepare the returns.

Who Must Make Return. It is estimated that many thousands of single and married persons in this section of the United States who have never before made annual returns are required to do so this year.

Income tax returns must be made between now and March 15 by persons who come under the following classifications:

Any unmarried person whose 1918 net income was \$1,000 or over. Widows and widowers, divorcees and married persons who are living apart from their husbands or wives, are for the purposes of the Income Tax classed as unmarried.

Any married person living with wife or husband whose 1918 net income was \$2,000 or over. The income of both husband and wife must be considered, together with the earnings of minor children, if any.

## Revenue Bureau Offers Aid.

Each person in the United States who is in either of these classifications must get busy at once if penalties are to be avoided. He should secure a blank Form 1040 A for reporting net income up to \$5,000, or Form 1040 if his net income exceeded that amount. Forms are being distributed by Collectors and their Deputies, also by banks. By following the instructions on the forms a correct return can be prepared at home. If a person needs advice or aid, the Deputy Collectors in the field will furnish this without charge.

The new Revenue law places the Income Tax duty on citizens and residents. The Internal Revenue Bureau is sending its men to work right with the public to get the tax and the returns in. With active co-operation every tax due March 15 will be paid and every return required by law will be in the Revenue offices on time.

## Exemptions Are Allowed.

A single person is allowed a personal exemption of \$1,000. If he is supporting in his household relatives who are dependent upon him he may claim the status of the head of a family who has the same exemption as if married.

A married person who lives with wife or husband is allowed a personal exemption of \$2,000. The head of a family is entitled to claim a similar personal exemption.

An additional exemption of \$200 is allowed for each person under eighteen or incapable of self support who was dependent upon and received his chief support from the taxpayer.

A husband and wife living together are entitled to but one personal exemption of \$2,000. If they make separate returns the exemption may be claimed by either or divided.

## Accuracy Required.

Absolute accuracy is necessary in making up income figures. Any person who is working for wages should find out exactly how much he received during the whole year 1918. Fees, bank interest, bond interest, dividends, rents received and all other items must be reported correctly. Mere guesses are not accepted, for they are unjust alike to the taxpayer and the Government and defeat the proper administration of the law.

## \*\*\*\*\*

## INCOME TAX IS TRULY POPULAR.

"The payment of income taxes takes on a new significance, which should be understood by every citizen. The taxation system of this country is truly popular, of the people, by the people and for the people. Every citizen is liable to tax, and the amount of the tax is graduated according to the success and fortune attained by each individual in availing himself of the opportunities created and preserved by our free institutions. The method and degree of the tax is determined by no favored class, but by the representatives of the people. The proceeds of the tax should be regarded as a national investment."—Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

## \*\*\*\*\*

Look at the little yellow tag on your Telegraph. If you wish to renew your subscription send P. O. order or draft, otherwise the paper will be discontinued when the time is up.

## HOW TO RUB OUT WRINKLES—OTHER BEAUTY SECRETS

By Madame Marce

Most important to the average woman is how to get rid of those tell-tale signs of age—wrinkles and crow's feet.

Much has been written on the subject, but the only treatment worth while is the one that does the work. Any woman can prepare a wrinkle cream in a few minutes that will certainly give Old Father Time an awful tussle. Women who have tried it pronounce it almost magical in results. It is very simple and easy to prepare. Get from any drug store about two ounces of petrol for fifty cents, dissolve it gradually in half a pint of hot water. Then add a tablespoonful of glycerine. This will give you a wrinkle remover that cannot be excelled. Use freely night and morning, and you will soon notice results.

Walsh, the great authority on the hair, says we have much to thank bacteriology for in the care of the hair, as it is the little draft germ that eats away at the roots causing it to become lifeless, fall out and become thin and scraggly. Any woman with these hair troubles will do well to get from her druggist one ounce of beta-quinol for fifty cents. Mix half a pint of water and half a pint of bay rum, add the beta-quinol, and you will have a tonic that will, if used faithfully every night, correct any hair trouble.

The head should be thoroughly washed at least every two weeks to get rid of the excess oil, dirt and greasy accumulations. For a clean and inexpensive head wash there is nothing that can equal a teaspoonful of eggol dissolved in a cup of hot water. Twenty-five cents' worth of eggol will give you a dozen shampoos.

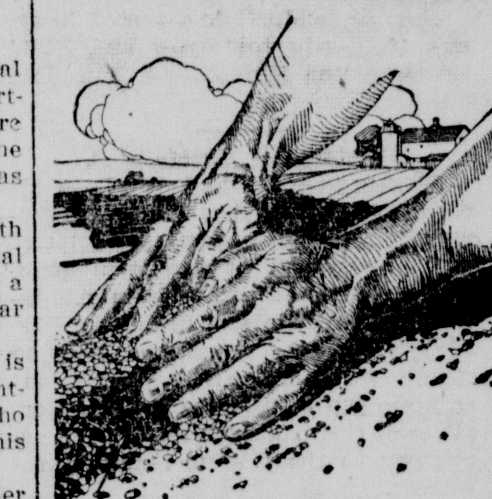
## Lived in Poverty, Though Rich.

Abject poverty in the midst of riches was discovered at Atherstone, Warwickshire, England, a short time ago. When an aged widow who had been living alone was removed to the local workhouse, more than \$500 in gold and silver was discovered secreted in her house. In a tea caddy hidden under the bed was found nearly \$250, while another hoard included 79 sovereigns.

## So We Will Find It.

Happy little Boli, sitting on the floor, was heard soliloquizing in a singsong tone thus: "And Heavenly Father will take care of us . . . if we are good . . . but then . . . we're not always good . . . and so . . . we have to take care of ourselves pretty much."—New Century Journal.

## Plants Like Human Hands



THE HAYES actually duplicated the action of a pair of human hands. "Gathers" the earth over the corn. Packs it from the sides leaving a loose ridge on top. Hold more moisture and presents more surface to direct rays of the sun. This means earlier germination and sturdier growth. It also prevents wash outs in hilly fields.

## HAYES Four-Wheel Planter

The famous Hayes system of "human hand" planting overcame the seven causes of costly "bare spots." Come in our store during National Sales Weeks and see how this wonderful planter does this why it saves over 200,000 bushels of dollars annually. Now the time to plan for a mighty 1919 yield.



W. H. Ware 211 First St. Phone 17

**Brevort Hotel**  
 CHICAGO  
 MADISON STREET  
 EAST OF LA SALLE  
 EUROPEAN PLAN

Famed for comfort. The favored meeting place for merchants and other men of business, many of whom bring their families.

Convenient to the wholesale, retail and financial districts.

Room, Detached Bath - \$1.50 to \$2.50  
 Two Persons - \$3.00 to \$4.00  
 Room, Private Bath - \$2.50 to \$3.50  
 Two Persons - \$4.00 to \$5.00

L. R. ADAMS, President  
 E. N. MATTHEWS, Secretary-Treasurer

## Reduce Weight

If you wish to reduce steadily, yet eat candy, ice cream, etc., get a small box of all of korein at the druggist's. Follow the directions. Absolutely safe, guaranteed method of becoming thin. No self-starvation; you become slender gracefully, vivacious, mentally and physically alert—glad you're alive! Reduction guaranteed 10 to 60 pounds or no cost to you!

## LICENSED TO WED.

A marriage permit has been issued to Frank J. Oester and Miss Alma L. Ulrich, both of Sublette.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas McVay, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Thomas McVay, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Lee county, at the court house in Dixon at the May term, on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 19th day of February, A. D. 1919.

SYDNEY M. HODGSON,  
 Administrator, with the will annexed.

MARK C. KELLER,  
 Atty. for Administrator.

Feb. 21, 27, Mar. 6.

**Black Silk Stove Polish**

It is different. It gives a lustrous shine to your stove. It is the only one that does not leave a sticky residue. It is the only one that does not leave a sticky residue. It is the only one that does not leave a sticky residue.

Get a can today.



# SOCIETY

## COMING EVENTS

**Thursday.**  
Unity Guild—Miss Mae Lord.  
Practical club, Mrs. C. A. Buchner.  
317 E. Everett st.  
Thursday Reading Circle—Mrs. Vincent Smith.  
Baptist Missionary Gift Service and Guest Day—Mrs. Philip Kerz.  
714 Hennepin Ave.  
Kendall Club—Mrs. Frank Edwards.  
P. F. Club—At D. Boos Home.  
Inter Nos Circle—Mrs. Louis Schumm.  
Doreas Society—Congregational Church.  
W. C. O. F. Meeting—K. C. Hall.  
P. N. G. Club, 1 O. O. F. hall.

**Friday.**  
M. E. Young Woman's Bible Class—Mrs. Louis Franks, 905 Second St.  
G. A. R. Circle Social Tea—Mrs. Justine Schweinsberg, 221 First St.  
St. Ann's Guild—St. Luke's Church.  
Presbyterian Missionary—Mrs. B. Raymond.  
Minnie Bell Rebekah Lodge—1 O. O. F. Hall.

**Saturday.**  
D. A. R. Meeting—Mrs. W. H. Edwards, 516 Hennepin Ave.

## BIBLE STUDY CLASS—

The Bible Study Class of the Methodist church will meet this evening in Room 7 of the church.

## FOR CLASS ANNIVERSARY—

The Neighborly Class of the Methodist Sunday school will hold its regular anniversary meeting Friday in the basement of the church. In place of the regular banquet there will be a scramble supper, for which the members are to bring their own sandwiches and one other generous dish. Meat and potatoes will be furnished by the class. A short program will follow the supper which is to be served at 6:30.

## WAR MOTHERS' COUNCIL—

The War Mothers' Council held a well attended and interesting meeting Tuesday at G. A. R. hall. The singing of the first stanza of America opened the meeting and with Mrs. William Lenox acting as chaplain the Lord's prayer was repeated. Reports were heard from the secretary, treasurer and chairman of the flag, flower, food and other committees. Under consideration for approval at the next meeting were the newly formed constitution and by-laws, adapted from the National Council of War Mothers to suit the needs of the local chapter. On account of the illness of the local chapter it was deemed necessary to make a number of changes from the national constitution on which larger chapters find they can adopt outright. The Lee County chapter has a membership of 200, while many of the large cities have from 1,000 to 1,500 members. During the customary ten-minute recess Mrs. Tyron Rosbrook, the president, was called by a message to Rockford and Mrs. L. W. Miller took the president's chair for the remainder of the session. The penny collection for the flag fund was taken and amounted to 83 cents. Another stanza from America closed the meeting, at which there were about fifty present.

## ROYAL NEIGHBORS—

A meeting of the Royal Neighbors will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in Miller hall.

## REBEKAH MEETING—

The regular meeting of Minnie Bell Rebekah Lodge will be held tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall.

## IN PECATONICA—

Mrs. Tyron Rosbrook is visiting in Pecatonica at the Arthur Larson home.

## Beauty Parlor

Shampoo with hot oil or witch hazel, 75c; plain shampoo, 50c.  
Manicuring, 50c.  
Facial massage, \$1.00 per hour.  
Facial massage, per half hour, 50c.

Switches made from combings. Meltonia toilet preparations. Nothing better on the market, used by many Dixon ladies.

Ask to see my full line of corsets. The American Queen, Madame Grace and Barclay corsets for stout women.

Mrs. A. B. Taylor

DIXON NAT'L BANK BLDG.

## CARE

for your health TODAY. It's Life Insurance worth while.

**Dr. W. F. Aydelotte**  
Neurologist Health Instructor  
223 Crawford Ave., Dixon, Ill.  
Phone 160 for Appointments.

## The Promoter's Wife

By JANE PHELPS

### BARBARA FINDS THE DINNER CONVERSATION ENIGMATIC.

#### CHAPTER XXVIII.

Again, as I had been many times of late, I was worried because of what Neil drank. Miss Wilson touched nothing, neither did I. But Mrs. Orton kept the men company each time their glasses were filled. Not that any of them drank so that it would have been noticed; but I knew the effect it had on Neil, and was anxious. The talk had soon drifted to business. She was astonished at Blanche Orton. She appeared conversant with even the details of the mining deal of which they were talking. I timidly asked where the mines were, and was told: "In Mexico."

Mr. Rayburn then turned to me and asked:

"Are you also interested in mining?"

"Certainly. Isn't a wife always interested in what her husband does?" I had spoken lightly, yet I meant my reply to be heard and noticed, especially by Neil and Mrs. Orton. They were conversing in low tones but very earnestly.

"A man is fortunate who can enlist the interest of two charming women," his soft voice giving the words a meaning.

"Two?" the question slipped unconsciously from my lips.

"Yes—he glanced knowingly at Neil, whose head was bent toward his hostess as he listened intently to something she was saying.

"Oh, Mrs. Orton!" He must not think there was anything going on of which I was ignorant. "She is interested in everything and anything."

"A very clever woman, and a dangerous one."

"You read character?"

"Yes. At times. It is easy to read a woman of her sort. Charming, fascinating, unscrupulous—when it suits them."

I was surprised that he should speak in such a manner, and probably showed it, because he added:

"Of course I make mistakes. We all do—save the professionals."

"What are you two discussing?" Mr. Dantzig asked, "Is Rayburn

### WHEATON MARINE HERE—

Irving Wanzer, one of the marines who survived after the sinking of the Santiago, has spent the past couple of weeks at the home of his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Straw, and his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Straw. He had many thrilling adventures to relate. This morning he returned to his home in Wheaton.

### MASQUERADE BALL—

Beautiful and clever costumes were quite the rule at the masquerade ball given Tuesday evening at Rosbrook hall by the members of St. Margaret's Guild of St. Luke's Episcopal church and the heads of spectators were kept in quite a whirl trying to tabulate all the varied costumes and guess who the wearers were. It was a very gay ball, with music furnished by the Marquette orchestra. Decorations were in the national colors, floating over the motley throng and giving an idea to the philosopher of just what Uncle Sam has to do in the Americanization of just such a conglomeration of alien races as were represented by those in costume. Decorated lanterns were used in an attractive lighting scheme. St. Ann's Guild served coffee, doughnuts and cheese throughout the evening and the refreshments booth was largely patronized.

### ST. PAUL'S CHOIR—

Members of St. Paul's Choir are reminded to meet for rehearsal at 7:30 Friday evening at the church.

### FAREWELL PARTY—

The Helping Hand Class of the Sugar Grove Sunday school was entertained on Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Kested in Palmyra by the daughter of the house, Miss Inez, in honor of Clarence Book, a member of the class, who left with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Book, this week for the new home in Oregon, Ill. Miss Anza Lawton, teacher of the class, chaperoned the affair and assisted in the games, which formed a large share of the evening's entertainment. Music was also enjoyed. Ice cream and cake were served during the evening from quartet tables. As a remembrance from the class a pair of gold cuff buttons were presented Mr. Book. Miss Lawton making the presentation. The guests included the Misses Dorothy Beede, Delores Shawyer, Hope May, Ethel Gilroy and Verna Beede and Messrs. Wilfred Shawyer, Ernest Forbes, Noble May, Clayton Rhodes, Teddy Seavey and Edward Cleary, besides Miss Lawton and the guest of honor, Mr. Book.

### HOME WEDDING—

A very pretty home wedding took place Wednesday at high noon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Talmadge, of Nelson, that of their daughter, Gertrude, and Jesse E. Seyster. The latter's father, Rev. D. F. Seyster, of the Pennsylvania Corners' Christian church, read the service before a company of about thirty, the immediate relatives of both bride and groom. The bride was very prettily dressed in a taupe colored crepe de Chine and carried white flowers. There were no attendants. Pink and white carnations were used in the house decorations and for the wedding luncheon which followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Seyster will spend some time in Chicago, leaving yesterday afternoon for the city. The bride's traveling costume was in dark blue. They will

### BARBARA FINDS THE DINNER CONVERSATION ENIGMATIC.

#### CHAPTER XXVIII.

telling your fortune, Mrs. Forbes?" "No—we were discussing character."

"Which he reads—or thinks he can. By Jove you can, too, Rayburn! That is, you can at times. I recall that man in San Francisco you warned us against, and whom we all liked so well we would not believe you. You were dead right in that case. He turned out to be the biggest scallawag unhung."

"What did he do?" It was Blanche Orton's drawing voice that asked the question, "Did he refuse to come in with you on some deal?" veiled sarcasm in her tones.

"Why insinuate, fair lady?" "I, too, read character at times—I am only following your lead."

The conversation puzzled me. What did Mrs. Orton mean? I looked toward Neil, and he was scowling. Presently he raised his glass and proposed a toast to success. I imagined he did it to change the subject.

For the remainder of the dinner the conversation was general. But later, in the drawing room, Mr. Rayburn rather devoted himself to me. Neil was seated on a divan talking earnestly to Blanche Orton, and Mr. Dantzig seemed to be trying to interest Marie Wilson.

"Have you been in Mexico?" Mr. Rayburn asked.

"No, Mr. Forbes has not been there since we have been married. I hope to go with him, should it prove necessary for him to go again. I have a great curiosity about that country."

"You will be delighted with Mexico City. Many of the old Spanish families are very delightful, and entertain on a scale of which we people of this country cannot conceive unless we have been recipients."

"I am more anxious to see all these wonderful mines than anything else, I think. I want to see just how they are worked, and understand all about mining."

"You are asking a good deal for a promoter's wife," with which enigmatic remark, he turned to reply to a question Neil had asked.

**Tomorrow—Neil Tells Barbara More About His Business.**

### CHICKEN DINNER—

The Ladies' Aid society of St. Paul's Lutheran church will serve a chicken dinner and supper Saturday, March 8th, at the church.

### VISITS DIXON FRIENDS—

Sergt. (Dr.) Ray McCumber visited Tuesday evening at the home of Violet B. Parker, 714 West First St. Sergt. McCumber has just recently arrived from overseas after having served for the past eight months. His return was a great relief to his friends who had not heard from him for a number of months. He has been honorably discharged. After a visit here he left this morning to visit with his people at Cairo, Ill., and in Kentucky before returning to his duties in Chicago.

### FORMER PASTOR HERE—

Rev. Lebeus Woods, of Forreston, Ill., a former Dixon pastor, was here yesterday for the day. His family all have had the influenza recently but are now recovering.

### METHODIST CHOIRS—

Hours for the rehearsal of the Methodist choirs are: Junior choir, Friday at 4:15 p. m.; Senior choir, 7:30 p. m. Friday.

### ENTERTAINED CLUB—

A very pleasant meeting of the Ideal club was held yesterday at the home of Mrs. Harry Quick, with the members doing Red Cross sewing. A number of garments for the Belgian Relief were made. Growing narcissus and daffodils added their grace and brightness to the room in which the meeting was held. A tempting luncheon was served by the hostess. Mrs. Howard Quick, of Ashton, was a guest.

### SUCCESSFUL SOCIAL—

The basket social given by the Prairieville Volunteers at the Gap Grove hall last evening for the benefit of the Prairieville church was very largely attended and was a successful affair in every way. \$42 being netted for the church fund. A good program furnished entertainment for the patrons.

### WITH DAZZLER—

Mrs. Wenzel, of Tampico, mother of Mrs. George Fruin, of this city, is somewhat recovered from a slight paralytic stroke and is now visiting at the home of her other daughter, who resides in Prophetstown.

### SCRAMBLE LUNCHEON—

The office employees of the Grand Detour Plow company enjoyed a scramble luncheon this noon in honor of Miss Gertrude Castle, one of their number, who is to become the bride of Mr. Irve Petty, of Mt. Carroll.

## NEW FOR RED CROSS—

A number of warm little garments for French or Belgian refugees sent from the Red Cross shop, were evolved yesterday under the skilled fingers of the members of the Methodist Aid Section No. 2 who met at the home of Mrs. W. J. Worsley. Fifteen ladies were present. A short business session was held and dainty refreshments were served by the hostess. On Thursday, March 4th, the members will meet again at the home of Mrs. Fred Overstreet for an all-day meeting and scramble luncheon.

## FOR MISS CASTLE—

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stephan will entertain tomorrow evening at cards in honor of Miss Gertrude Castle for her approaching marriage.

## RETIRE FROM FARM—

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Stevens and family have moved from a farm east of town and taken up their residence at 522 Galena avenue, corner of Galena and Sixth street.

## GUESTS FROM ALBANY—

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Rowland, of Albany, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Rowland, coming to Dixon Wednesday evening after attending the Mensch-Hill wedding in Sterling at high noon Wednesday.

## TO ROCKFORD—

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Rowland will go to Rockford tomorrow morning to witness the close of the high school tournament.

## DOGWILER-PETERSON—

The marriage of Mr. Alois Dogwiler and Miss May Peterson, both of Dixon, took place at high noon Wednesday in Rockford, Ill. The young couple were attended by Miss Eva Peterson, sister of the bride, acting as maid of honor, and Mr. Elmer Peterson, brother of the bride, as best man. Mrs. A. Dogwiler, mother of the groom and Mrs. O. H. Peterson, mother of the bride, were also present.

The double ring ceremony was used.

After March 4th, Mr. and Mrs. Dogwiler will make their home in Madison, Wis., where the groom holds a responsible position with the government.

Both young people have hosts of friends in Dixon who wish them success and happiness in their wedded life.

## TO ATTEND WEDDING—

Elmer Peterson returned last night to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station after a five-day furlough spent with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Peterson.

Mr. Peterson was home to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss May, who became the bride of Mr. Alois Dogwiler.

## DANCING PARTY—

Mr. and Mrs. Will Fisher, of South Dixon, entertained thirty-five of their friends at a dancing party last evening, the music for which was furnished by Mr. Murphy, violinist. Cards and refreshments added to the enjoyment of the guests.

## Members Bulla-Bulla Held First Banquet

The members of Lee County Chapter Bulla-Bulla enjoyed the first of a series of banquets last evening, in which about 30 participated and which was certainly "some" affair. The spread was engineered by Harry Emerson, Chief Keeper of the Royal Cranberry Bowl, assisted by Guy Merriman, Esteemed Potato Peeler; A. E. Simonson, Honored Stuffer of the Royal Bird; and J. H. Loftus, High Wielder of the Sublime Knife. Turkey was the piece d'resistance of last evening's affair, with all of the side dishes.

## Very New.

A little girl out walking with her mother saw a dog with a license tag on his collar and exclaimed: "Oh, mother, there's a new dog that they haven't taken the tag off of yet."

## Plain as Day.

"The words 'I don't know,' are rapidly disappearing from the lexicon of the American boy," remarked a pedagogue at a recent teachers' meeting. "Only the other day I chanced on a pair of urchins gravely regarding a dentist's sign which read facetiously 'I. X. Tractem, Painless Dentist, Nitrous Oxide.'"

"Said one boy, 'What does that sign 'Nitrous Oxide' mean?" "Gosh, don't you know nothing?" retorted the unabashed comrade, "It's Latin for 'Open All Night!'"

## As Usual.

"My brother-in-law, Oscar Snort, has come over from Allegash and is going to open a grocery store here," said a citizen of Grudge. "He is tricky and conceited and ill-mannered and unprincipled, and a blowhard and a liar, and thinks he is smarter than other people, when as a matter of fact he is less so. He will make a failure of it inside of six months, and then as long as he sticks around here will blame it all on the knackers."—Kansas City Star.

## Punishment for the Teutons.

Ted—We're asked to feed the Germans.

Ned—I'm perfectly willing, if Hoover hands them out the same kind of portions served in the fashionable resorts.—Life.

## Spasmodic Sermon.

Irresponsible persons, so-called, are responsible for a lot of devilry that goes on in this world.

## REPUBLIC'S TWO GREAT DAYS

Ecuador Twice a Year Celebrates Its Freedom From the Domination of the Spaniard.

The republic of Ecuador celebrates two national holidays, and, strange to say, both are "independence days." Both are observed with the same enthusiasm and patriotic fervor that is displayed here on the anniversary of the adoption of the immortal declaration, according to the Pan-American Union.

The liberty-loving patriots had to shoot two bolts at Spanish domination before they succeeded in gaining permanent independence. The first time they had a quiet but determined revolution in Quito, the present capital of the republic, the patriots assembling at the house of Manuela Canizares, a brave and beautiful woman, on August 5, 1809, when they prepared their declaration of independence and chose the officials who were to compose the provisional government. That night the conspirators gathered their forces in different parts of the city, and Captain Salinas, who commanded the two companies of regular troops and guarded the city, sent to their barracks, read to them the declaration and won them over to the cause of the patriots. They overpowered the bodyguard of Ruiz de Castilla, the Spanish governor, early on the morning of August 10 and thus established the first republic without shedding a drop of blood. It lasted only about a year, when Castilla succeeded in overthrowing the patriotic government and again brought the country under Spanish dominion.

The fires of liberty had been kindled, however, and the Ecuadorians kept up their heroic struggle notwithstanding many reverses, until in 1820 the people of Guayaquil, the leading seaport of the country, succeeded in rebelling on the 9th of October. With the aid of Gen. Simon Bolivar, the great Venezuelan emancipator, and of his compatriot, Gen. Antonio Jose Sucre, the Ecuadorians after many bloody battles succeeded in completely annihilating the Spanish forces and established freedom in Ecuador forever. Therefore it is that the Ecuadorians celebrate two "independence days," the 10th of August and the 9th of October.

## New Male Garment Planned.

Get ready for next fall, fellows, for the blanket cape. For you are going to have your appearance changed. The new sartorial style is really a cape and blanket, which will be hung over many a pair of masculine shoulders. Just how many it will hang over is yet to be determined, but if the interest the invention aroused at the concluding session of the semi-annual meeting of the American Designers' association in the Manhattan hotel is sustained the garment will acquire considerable vogue, writes the New York correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch. The blanket cape consists of an army blanket with a few holes and buttons and a detachable collar. When the owner is asleep the blanket cape performs its primal functions of keeping the sleeper warm, and nothing more. When he awakens he removes a circular bit of cloth buttoned to the middle of the blanket and unbuttons a slit about a foot long that starts at the hole. This gives him plenty of room in which to insert his head. A Napoleonic storm collar is then attached to the hole collar and the two dies that fall over the arms are connected into sleeves by concealed buttons. And there he stands, in a smart-looking poncho that gives him lots of room to get into his pockets and keeps away the cold also! It can be any color or any cloth the wearer chooses, but these details are left for the author of "What the Men Wear" to have a little fun with.

## Stamps of 1918.

"Another year comes to a close with far more than 500 new postage stamps having been issued," writes Kent B. Stiles in his department, "Stamps," in Boys' Life. "The chronicle at this writing shows a total of 511 varieties, but it will be several months yet before American collectors can gain information regarding many issues reported abroad, so that the record for 1918 may tell of as many as 600. In 1917 there were 590 varieties."

"These 511 varieties were put forth by nations and their possessions—such as islands, protectorates, colonies, dependencies, occupied territories, etc.—to the number of 88 governments. Of the 511 varieties 388 were due to the war alone. The United States has issued more than fifty varieties, including shade and die varieties due to inferior dyestuffs and to worn plates, but the British empire leads the list with nearly 200 varieties."

Mrs. J. W. Crawford and daughter, Seville, and Lee Rice and his brother are in Rockford attending the high school tournament.

## CAPITAL GIVES WILSON FIRST GREAT WELCOME

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Washington, Feb. 27.—Washington gave President Wilson its first formal welcome when thousands turned out to cheer a parade led by him down Pennsylvania Avenue in honor of the home-coming of Washington's soldiers. Marching with a swinging stride the President took the lead at the peace monument in the capitol grounds. Army aeroplanes and dirigibles hovered overhead. It was the President's first public appearance since his return from Europe and he was given an enthusiastic welcome by the crowd lining the broad thoroughfare as he marched behind the Marine Band, shouldering a big flag and escorted by a committee of citizens.

While rising above the capitol, just before the parade, an army captive sausage balloon broke loose from its moorings, swept over the city and landed about 9 miles away without its pilot, Lieut. McMilland, who is believed to have jumped in his parachute.

## Frassdorf Elected President Saxony

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Basel, Switzerland, Feb. 27.—The new chamber of deputies of the "Free State of Saxony" met Tuesday and elected Julius Frassdorf, a major, Socialist as President, according to a dispatch from Dresden.

Frassdorf was former vice president of the chamber of deputies of Saxony. He was a prominent labor leader and served in the Reichstag from 1903 to 1906.

## Woman Wins U. S. War Decoration This P. M.

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Washington, Feb. 27.—The first woman to win the American medal for distinguished service in Miss Beatrice McDonald of the reserve nurse corps, who was seriously wounded when she remained at her post with wounded men at a British casualty station during a German night raid. Sec. Baker invited her to the war department this afternoon to receive the decoration with formal ceremony.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Agents; be your own boss; selling guaranteed trees and shrubs is a snap. Write us today. Allen Nursery Company, Rockford, New York.

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms at 1114 West Fourth St., near factory. Couple preferred. Call telephone Y-989.

WANTED—A good second-hand stationary and other standards. Write for full particulars. Address "R. S. S." care of this office.

FOR SALE—To settle the estate of Martha Clemmer, deceased, I wish to sell at once the property at 746 1/2 Ottawa ave. A good seven-room house in good repair. Large coal house; gas, city water, sewer, sewer, macadam street, infant everything in and paid for. Will be sold cheap. Why pay rent? Will be vacant March 15. Phone Y-440 or call at 746 N. Ottawa. W. E. Hall, administrator.

WANTED—Horse; will trade a car for same. Call at 408 Main ave.

## CAUGHT ANOTHER TERRIBLE COLD?

Relieve it quickly with Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey

Don't say you're to let it wear itself out. It's just as liable to become chronic. And then—?

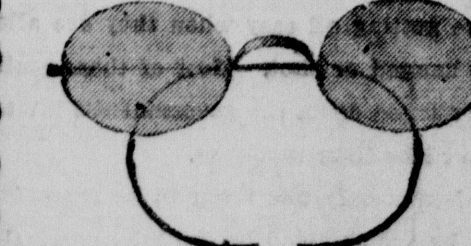
The balsamic ingredients of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey help to soothe the tickle, the healing ingredients help nature to scatter the phlegm-congestion, and a happy, comfortable relief soon follows.

Coughs due to grippe, bronchitis, and asthma also are relieved. And at a very trifling cost for Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is very economical. Try it. 30c., 60c. and \$1.20.

**Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey**  
for Coughs

## SHELL RIM GLASSES

The appearance of your glasses contributes largely to your satisfaction. No one will hesitate to wear glasses that look well and improve their vision.



We carry a very complete assortment of the latest styles in shell rims and know how to adapt the style to the individual. No ill fitting glasses bear our mark on the cases.

We are just as particular as you are and will give you correct service.

**DR. McGRAHAM**  
OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN  
206 First St. Optical Specialist Telephone 288



## DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH

Published By

The B. F. Shaw Printing Company, at 124 East First Street, Dixon, Illinois.  
Daily except Sunday.

Entered at the Postoffice in the City of Dixon, Illinois, for transmission through mails, as second-class mail matter.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DIXON.

MEMBER OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION.

By Mail, outside Lee and adjoining Counties: Per year, \$5.00; six months, \$2.75; three months, \$1.75; one month, \$ .60.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

In Dixon, by Carrier: 15 cents per week or \$7.50 per year.

By Mail, in Lee or adjoining Counties: Per year, \$4.00; six months, \$2.25; three months, \$1.25; one month, \$ .50.

## THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Much has been said and published recently about the Monroe doctrine. Most Americans, and Europeans as well, know its meaning, but few are able to recall the text, or know just where to find a copy of it. It was enunciated by President Monroe in his message to congress Dec. 2, 1823. Referring to steps taken to arrange the rights of Russia, Great Britain and the United States on the northwest coast of this continent, the president said:

"In the discussion to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they may terminate, the occasion has been deemed proper for asserting, as a principle in which the rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power. . . . We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintain it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States."

## BUY LIBERTY BONDS.

We are spending at the rate of two billion dollars a month, and it is not the time for people to lay their patriotism aside. To the contrary, it is a time when people must exhibit a higher type than ever before. It is not so very difficult to induce people to respond to an appeal when we are feeling the fever of fighting in our veins, but it is a little difficult when people think the war is at an end. There are two million American soldiers in Europe, and the obligation is just as much on the government today as when the guns were firing to see that they are maintained in comfort, to provide for their return home, and to provide when they shall return for their places in the social and industrial life of the country. It is just as important, and even more important, to impress upon the American people the necessity of cultivating the habit of thrift and saving.

The above was the December 30 statement of Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury. Conditions are not far changed today, either as regards expenditures or men overseas. The fifth Liberty loan—the Victory loan—is coming, probably in April. It is up to the people—we people right here in Lee county, as well as throughout the country—to subscribe once more for Liberty bonds, and to subscribe to the limit that may be asked.

## "INVADING ENEMIES."

To some New York citizens who protested that the federal government was unduly severe in sending out of the country certain radical residents, Secretary of Commerce Wilson explained that the offenders, being aliens, never had any rights in this country except on tolerance of the United States government, and that they have forfeited those rights under the authority of the immigration law.

"It is my intention," he added, "as secretary of labor, now that the usual danger of sea travel is over, to carry out the clear provisions of the law; first, because it is my sworn duty to do so, and second, because any foreigner who comes to this country and advocates the overthrow of our form of government by force is an invading enemy, who is treated with great leniency when he is simply deported to the land from which he came."

This is a straight, strong statement of the situation. The attention of silly or traitorous critics is particularly invited to the fact that the offenders are "invading enemies," and are getting off easy when they are allowed to go back home instead of being hanged or shot. Most of them realize that so clearly that they have wisely turned down the government's invitation to appeal to the courts if they don't like their medicine.

The secretary's statement leaves only one thing to be regretted—that these gentry were not exported by the shipload before "the unusual danger of sea travel" was at an end.

The Chicago Association of Commerce has decided to give preference in employment and promotion to loyal American citizens, and its members will post notices to that effect. The first paragraph of the notice reads: "We shall first promote native Americans, naturalized citizens or those who have applied for naturalization." Another paragraph reads: "You can't be a faithful and intelligent if you don't know English." These sentiments will find an echo in every loyal American heart.

## ABE MARTIN



Plug hats may become popular again, but the old time gentleman is gone forever. "I've been married five times and I'll say the most trying thing is trainin' a man to use the butter knife," said Libbie Pash today.

## CITY IN BRIEF

Postmaster A. M. Clavin, of Sterling, was in Dixon yesterday for a short visit while enroute to Freeport on business in the federal court.

The best thing to make your hair soft, thick and glossy—Parisian Sage. Rowland Bros. sell the genuine made from the original formula.

Bargain in navy beans. 10 lbs. for 85c. When this lot is gone you will pay more. Bowser Fruit Co., 92 Hennepin Ave. 48-42

Sheriff Schoenholz went to Rochelle this morning on a business trip.

State's Attorney Harry Edwards will leave this evening for Omaha on professional business.

Frank Henry, of Viola township, was a visitor in Dixon today.

## Norman Hapgood is Minister to Denmark

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Washington, Feb. 27.—Norman Hapgood of New York, was today nominated to be Minister of Denmark.

## NEW SLOGANS SHOW CHANGED CONDITIONS

By Associated Press  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—Slogans coined by the Internal Revenue Bureau to stimulate early and full payment of income taxes reflect the changed conditions in which the taxpayers find himself now that victory has been won and hostilities have ceased. The powers of autocracy have been defeated but the monetary cost of the success still is to be met, largely by the taxes to be paid this year.

"Army of Occupation" sounds good but it needs your support," says one of the slogans. Then it asks, "Have you paid your income tax?"

Another classes an income tax receipt with a gold service stripe. Those who celebrated victory most loudly are reminded that "tooting a horn on armistice day did not end your part in winning a peace with victory. Paying your income tax makes more real noise than tooting a horn."

Persons who may be inclined to grumble at the increased rate of taxation are given food for thought in the following:

"If you think your income tax is a hardship, picture what you would have been up against had William Hohenzollern won the collectorship job."

Other slogans include: "You stand up for the National Anthem. Now stand up and pay your income tax."

"There were no delinquents at Chateau Thierry. Are you delaying the payment of your income tax?"

"Don't try to fool your conscience by cheering the returning soldiers and forgetting to pay your income tax. An income tax evader hasn't much on any of the other pro-Germans."

"If you didn't serve over there you can serve over here by paying your income tax."

"When the boys come home they will ask what YOU have done. Show them your income tax receipt."

"When you pay your income tax you get a receipt from Uncle Sam. What would have William Hohenzollern have handed you?"

"Uncle Sam has a big job ahead of him. Help him by paying your income tax now."

## A. Mitchell Palmer to Be Atty. General

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Washington, Feb. 27.—A. Mitchell Palmer was today nominated by President Wilson to be Attorney General. Mr. Palmer will probably take office March 4, the date tentatively set by Attorney General Gregory for his retirement to private life when he resigned several months ago. The resignation of Mr. Palmer as alien property custodian has not yet been announced nor is there any indication as to who will succeed him.

## PRINCESS PAT MARRIED TODAY

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
London, Feb. 27.—Princess Patricia of Connaught and Commander Alexander B. M. Ramsay, Royal Navy, were married at Westminster Abbey at noon today. No other social event since the outbreak of the war has attained such attention. The crowds began to gather early along the route over which the Princess, accompanied by her father, the Duke of Connaught, drove from St. James Palace to the Abbey. The ceremony was performed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the presence of King George, Queen Mary and a great assemblage of the royal family. U. S. Ambassador and Mrs. John W. Davis were present. In the crowd in Princess among the plain people. The nuptial gifts of which there are nearly 700, continued to arrive during the day. They range from homely market baskets to priceless diamonds. Three thousand people gathered in the abbey for the ceremony. The day was gray and cold.

## Could Not Raise Blockade on Huns

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
London, Feb. 27.—The blockade of Germany could not be raised until peace terms which would make war impossible had been signed. Premier Lloyd George told the Industrial parliament this afternoon. He said he had hopes that within the next few weeks preliminary peace terms would be signed. Peace is virtually established, he said, but the spectre of unrest has appeared and that must be gotten rid of.

## Says League Will Fall Unless U. S. Gets In

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—President Wilson told the members of the Congressional foreign relations committee at dinner last evening that unless the United States enters the League of Nations the league will fall and unspeakable chaos and turmoil would result. The Republican members, however, have apparently not changed their views and will continue to voice their opposition to the league until Congress adjourns next Tuesday.

## Governor Cancelled Speaking Engagement

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Gov. Lowden has cancelled his proposed address before the National Educational Assn. in Chicago tonight. The governor has been suffering with a severe cold since Sunday and he decided today that it is best to remain indoors.

## American Store Had Great Opening Today

The Great American Stores had a great opening in its new location in the Masonic Temple building today. The bargains advertised in the Telegraph causing a great crowd to throng the store all day long. The bargain on brooms proved especially attractive and between 7 o'clock and noon 527 of the brooms were sold.

## Entente Troops on Mannheim Bridgehead

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Basel, Feb. 27.—A Mannheim dispatch yesterday states that entente troops occupied the bridgehead at Mannheim yesterday noon.

## Eisner Funeral in Munich Impressive

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Basel, Feb. 27.—The funeral of Kurt Eisner, former Bavarian Premier, assassinated last week, which was held at Munich yesterday was the most impressive demonstration that city has ever experienced.

## Bolshevik Attempt Monday is Repulsed

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Archangel, Feb. 26.—(Delayed.)—Bolshevik troops on Monday attempted to capture the newly gained allied positions on the Murmansk front, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The Bolsheviks used an armored train in their assaults.

## Stole Bonds From Pittsburg Offices

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Pittsburg, Feb. 27.—The theft of \$100,000 in Liberty Bonds, cash and other securities from the office of the James B. Oliver estate on the 22nd floor of the Oliver building was reported to the police today. The theft occurred during the night.

## CALLED TO FUNERAL.

Mrs. Ada Davis has received news of the death of her father-in-law, J. W. Davis of Hanna, Ill. Miss Nell Davis and sister, Mrs. Ezra Hoover, left this morning to attend the funeral.

## LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED.

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Both houses of the General Assembly today adjourned until next Tuesday.

## English Miners to Postpone Big Strike

By Associated Press Leased Wire  
London, Eng., Feb. 27.—The National Federation of Miners has postponed its strike notices, which were to have become effective March 15, for one week. After conference between Premier Lloyd George and leaders of the Miners the leaders decided to accept the government's invitation to be represented on the committee to inquire into mining conditions. The Premier stated that he hoped by summer the cost of living in the workingman's home would be reduced at least four shillings a week.

## SOCIETY

## METHODIST AID

There will be a business meeting of the Methodist Aid society in the Epworth League room of the church tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

## FOR THE MISSES MATZNICK—

A group of Prairieville young people gathered at the home of the Misses Ruth and Mable Matznick Friday evening of last week and gave them a farewell surprise party. The twenty-five who were present spent a most enjoyable evening in playing games. Music was also enjoyed and refreshments served. The Misses Matznick, with their people, are moving tomorrow to a farm west of Sterling.

## ATTENDED SOCIAL—

Miss Marion Fellows, of North Dixon, attended the basket social given in Gap Grove hall last evening by the Volunteers class of Prairieville. She was the guest of Miss Avis Martin for the night.

## ENTERTAINED AT DINNER—

Mr. and Mrs. J. Leo Kilday were entertained at a dinner in their honor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Coakley, of North Jefferson avenue, last evening. Mrs. Coakley is an aunt of Mr. Kilday. Mr. Kilday during the evening told of his many interesting experiences in France. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Wornell and children, of Rock Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Kilday returned this evening to their home in Lena, Ill.

## LUTHER LEAGUE PARTY—

The Luther League will give a party this evening at the German Lutheran church. All young people of the church are invited.

## ANNUAL MAY PARTY—

Advance notice is given of the annual May Party of the Travelers from the East, the affair which each year enlists the interests of so many Dixon folks. It will be held Monday evening, May 5th, at Rosbrook hall. Selig's orchestra from LaSalle has been secured.

## RETURNED FROM MICHIGAN—

Mrs. Maude Cheney has returned from a several months' visit in St. Joseph, Mich.

## TO FT. SNELLING.

Corporal Charles E. Lloyd, who was some time ago at the base hospital at Ft. Sheridan recovering from wounds, is not at the U. S. General Hospital, Ft. Snelling, Minn., and is in Ward One, Main Hospital.

## ANNOUNCE MILK PRICE.

The Borden Milk Co. this afternoon announced a price of \$3 per hundred for 3.5 per cent butter fat milk delivered at their factory during March, with the usual increase or decrease for milk varying from that standard.

Mrs. C. H. Gray has left for Mobile, Ala., for a month's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Webb and her sister, Mrs. Jeanette Ennis.

## Brush the Teeth With Apple.

An apple eaten in the evening will cleanse the teeth mechanically and chemically, says the Popular Science Monthly, and if followed by vigorous brushing will protect them from bacteria during the night.

Mrs. Goodman is assisting at the Miss Winter millinery.

## IF HE CAME NOW

If he came now!

My heart would be like a once quiet street.

Hung with gay lanterns on a fete night, wild

With singing! And my heart would be a child

Sleepily waking to a kiss, then flinging

Sleep from it, springing

With all too ready feet,

Out of the night, into the world again,

And finding that its toys were all once more

There where it left them, waiting on the floor.

To be played with again. My heart would be

An open book filled full with witchery,

Filled, too, with pain.

An opened book that had been left too long

Upon a dusty shelf. It would be a song

In a young mouth. And it would be buds,

And opening under the moon, and shivering at the dew.

But liking it. And it would be a flame,

Red in the night. I used to be glad when he came.

But not so very glad—because I thought

That I would always have him. Then war caught

Him up from me, and bore him out

To be where danger is; and killed my doubt.

My hesitation and half fears. Ah, now

I would run to welcome him, if he came now!

—Mary Cora Davis, in Good House-keeping.

Activities  
at the  
Dixon Assn.

Of Interest  
To All  
Its Friends

## BOYS ENJOYED TALK OF OVERSEAS Y WORK.

About fifty boys enjoyed an illustrated talk by Sec. A. W. Davis on Y. M. C. A. army work overseas at the association building at 4:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A large number of stereoscopic slides, showing the great work the Y had been doing with the army, were sent out by the state organization, together with descriptive matter which was read by Mr. Davis.

## BOYS STRIVING TO SECURE 200 MEMBERS.

The boys' department will inaugurate a big membership drive next week whereby they hope to boost the membership of the department from 170 to 200, and maybe more. The

younger members will direct the drive themselves, and because of this feature it will be of greater interest.

## BOWLING BANQUET NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.

The A. B. C. bowlers, who recently completed one of the most successful tournaments in the history of the association, will enjoy their big victory banquet at the association banquet rooms Monday evening at 6:15 o'clock. Present indications are that fully 100 bowlers will participate in the "eats."

## HOLLAND HORTON CHECKER CHAMPION.

Holland Horton has been acclaimed the winner of the checker tournament just completed in the boys' department.

## CHICAGO MARKETS

	Open	Close
CORN—		
February . . . . .	131 1/2	132
March . . . . .	131 1/2	130
May . . . . .	125 1/2	123 1/2
July . . . . .	121 1/2	119 1/2
OATS—		
February . . . . .	58 1/2	58
March . . . . .	59	58 1/2
May . . . . .	59 1/2	59 1/2
July . . . . .	58 1/2	58 1/2

## CASH GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 1 Northern, 227 to 229.	
No. 2 Northern, 224 to 224 1/2.	
No. 3 Northern, 220 to 221.	

CORN—	
No. 3 Mixed, 131.	
No. 4 Mixed, 128 to 128 1/2.	
No. 5 Mixed, 126 1/2 to 127 1/2.	
No. 6 Mixed, 124.	
No. 3 Yellow, 131 1/2 to 132 1/2.	
No. 4, Yellow, 128 1/2 to 129 1/2.	

No. 6 Yellow, 123 to 124.
No. 3 White, 130 1/2 to 131.
No. 4 White, 127 1/2 to 129.
No. 5 White, 126 1/2 to 127.
No. 6 White, 124.
Sample Grade, 110 to 120.
OATS—
No. 3 White, 57 1/2 to 58 1/2.
No. 4 White, 56 to 57 1/2.
Standard, 59 to 59 1/2.

## LIVESTOCK MARKET.

RECEIPTS TODAY—  
Hogs, 46,000.  
Cattle, 8,000.  
Sheep, 15,000.  
Hogs steady, top \$17.70.  
Cattle and sheep steady.

William Herwig, of Franklin Grove, transacted business in this city today.

John Cluts, of Ashton, transacted business here today.

## Strong Piano Shop

Next to Keyes

We have sold a lot of pianos, mostly through the recommendation of former purchasers and this is the very thing we prize most highly.

WE SELL GOOD PIANOS

You cannot build a reputation on poor ones. Our prices are always reasonable.

## Dixon Opera House

2 NIGHTS FRIDAY, FEB. 28  
Matinees SAT., Mar. 1st

## The SHEPHERD of the HILLS



Matinees at 2:30

Nights at 8:15

Millions of People Have Read the Book  
Millions of People Have Seen the Play  
THE PICTURE IS A MASTERFUL VISUALIZATION OF THE BOTH

Ten Reels of Unusual Interest

PRICES 25C-35C-50C PLUS War Tax

Matinees—All Seats 25c

Children 15c

Seats on sale at Todd's Hat Store Thursday A. M.

Phone 465





Scene from "The Shepherd of the Hills," pictured for the screen, to be shown at the Dixon Opera House, on Friday and Saturday, matinees and nights.

## LEE COUNTY SOLDIER OVER TOP MANY TIMES

Continuation of Story Told  
By Sgt. Clyde Shore of  
His Experience.

### HIS PAL WAS KILLED

The second night before they went into battle they started about six o'clock on a hike toward the front. It started to rain and the farther they went the harder it rained and their packs drew extremely heavy. They marched until about 4 o'clock in the morning and then went up on a high hill and laid down in the mud to catch a little sleep and rest. They stayed here a short time, got dried out and cleaned up a little. At this point they were just in range of the shells, and while a great many came close none fell among them. They left at 7:30 that night and hiked to the front line trenches, about six miles off. They were lucky as they

got a shell from old Jerry. **Heavy Artillery.** After a short time after they got into the trench line trenches, the artillery thied up and it seemed that there was enough to blow the world to pieces, or two worlds for that matter. This was about one o'clock in the morning. It seemed that there was more steel in the air going over to the Germans than was possible to be in the space; it was almost a continuous piece of steel pouring over into them. At 5:30 the word was sent along to go over the top. It was ideal on account of a heavy fog and you couldn't be seen for more than twenty-five or thirty feet. The ground all around seemed to be newly plowed. They charged the Germans until about two o'clock in the afternoon without a letup. His company captured five hundred prisoners and large quantities of ammunition, artillery and stores.

**Get Real Treat.** About two o'clock in the afternoon they ran into a German camp, and chased them away before they could get to eat their chow, which was over the fire in two big pots which would hold about fifty gallons. It was all steaming hot, pork and beans, cabbage and other good eats. It did not take them long to pitch into this as they had not had anything to eat since the night before and they made a real clean up.

**Hard Fighting.** For the next three days they had hard fighting. The lost lots of men, but neither lost nor gained any ground. On the third day they were determined to gain or lose, and as the Americans never lost, after a hard day's fighting they gained about three-quarters of a mile beyond the line of the night before. The Germans had plenty of machine guns and cut our men down something terrible. Sergeant Shore, with four other men, got through the first machine gunners, put them out of commission and didn't stop to wait for the rest but proceeded on. They came to a timber and being of the scouts they wanted to go ahead and discover more machine gun nests.

**Lives to Tell Story.** In the party was a lieutenant and three privates, besides himself. He had just stopped to look into a dug-out to make sure there was no one in it to attack them from the rear, and the lieutenant and three men were but a few yards ahead. He ran to catch up with them. They were just going up over a little knoll when the machine guns opened up on them and they were all killed outright. Sergeant Shore had just time to drop behind the knoll and they kept firing at the knoll and the bullets were tearing the ground away just above him, one bullet striking him in the foot.

**Crawled to Safety.** He realized that if he stayed there they would get him in a very short time, so after laying still for about a half hour he crawled to another

bank. Here he began to think his time had come, as the bullets certainly were coming his way. He laid here for another twenty or thirty minutes, then started rolling over and over down the hill and when about forty or fifty feet from a time he got up and ran as best he could with his injured foot. He then started back toward the first aid station, which was at all times under fire.

**Terrible Sight.** He stated that he wished he was an artist and could picture the terrible sights he saw as he stated back to the dressing stations. Men would be dragging along with one or both legs shot off, others without an arm or hand, others with their heads all bandaged up. Some dropping down into the mud to rest until the could go further, or dying from the loss of blood. The dead lying all about so that it was difficult to move without stepping on them. Nothing that you could picture would be so terrible.

**Into Certain Death.** He saw a company of men storming machine gun nests, saw them dropping down, and others back of them going right into the breach until the machine guns were silenced. Men in his company were completely blown to pieces not over twenty feet from him, and all that could be found would be a piece of his body. This is only a very small part of his experience and he got through with only a bullet in his foot, which put him into the hospital until after the armistice was signed, while a number of his comrades were killed at his side.

## AMUSEMENTS DIXON OPERA HOUSE.

"The Shepherd of the Hills"—Photo-Play Attraction Superb.

The filmatization of this great novel has been a year in the making. The author, Harold Bell Wright, wrote the scenario for the pictures and has directed every detail. His associates, consisting of actors, actresses, artists, photographers, have numbered over two hundred people, not to mention the people shown in the mob scenes, also there are a large number of livestock used. Horses, cattle, one hundred and fifty sheep, collie dogs, birds, and what not. This company has been together a year. Sometimes in California, other times in the Ozark mountains of Missouri. Mr. Wright who is a stickler for detail, has spared no expense in his efforts to keep the ensemble as nearly like the original as possible, throughout the entire time it has taken to complete the picture. For instance, the flock of sheep was first secured in the Ozarks. When the work was finished there, it was thought that the sheep would be left there. Here Mr. Wright voiced an objection. There was one scene to be taken in California which must have some sheep in the background, so the original sheep actors had to travel to California to appear in that particular scene before they could be dismissed. A very effective detail and only one of the multitude which help to make "The Shepherd of the Hills," a truly great picture. At the Opera House on Friday and Saturday of this week, matinees and nights.

## State May Begin Use of Patented Material

By Associated Press  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Representative H. S. Hicks, Rockford, is the sponsor of a house bill, now in the committee on roads and bridges, that would enable the state to use patented building materials in construction of state roads and city streets.

Legislation prohibiting the use of such materials was said to have been prompted by fear that contracts given manufacturing companies would result in monopolies. The Hicks bill is intended to throw certain safeguards around the awarding of contracts to prevent possible monopolies. Friends of the measure contend that patent building materials are especially adapted for certain use, and that legislation barring such materials is detrimental to the state.

## SOLDIER'S WIFE IS VICTIM OF BULLET

Another Woman Shot Her  
—Charges Friendship  
with Husband.

Whitehall, Ill., Feb. 26.—Mrs. Fred Wayman, 19 years old, the wife of a soldier now serving in France, is in the Passavant hospital in Jacksonville, having been shot twice by Mrs. William Austin yesterday afternoon.

Her condition is reported to be critical. She was shot through both lungs and in the abdomen.

**Home Is In Beardstown.** Mrs. Wayman's home is in Beardstown, but she came to Whitehall to be with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Birdsall, after her husband had sailed for France with the One Hundred and Eighty-third division last June.

The shooting took place in the Singleton grocery. Mrs. Wayman had entered to make a purchase when Mrs. Austin stepped up and asked, "Are you Mrs. Wayman?" When she was answered with a nod she drew a revolver and exclaimed, "Answer this," firing immediately. The second bullet, having passed directly through Mrs. Wayman's body, was found buried in the floor.

**Claims Husband Is Cause.** Mrs. Austin walked to the police station and surrendered, claiming that she had shot the other woman because her husband had been attentive to her.

Austin is Mrs. Austin's third husband. Her first husband was named McLaughlin. She was divorced from him, marrying Thomas Ratcliffe. Five years ago McLaughlin shot Ratcliffe. Mrs. Ratcliffe then married William Austin of Whitehall.

## Democrats Threaten to Hold Money Bill

By Associated Press  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Democratic leaders threaten to hold up emergency appropriation bills unless the republican majority permits "fair consideration" in committee of Minority leader Igoe's resolution asking for information on the administration plan for reconstruction building plans.

One of the big emergency appropriation measures asks \$1,610,000 for operating expenses of the state charitable and penal institutions which comes in the form of a deficiency. The bill carries no items covering salaries, equipment or permanent improvement. It is intended to carry the department of public works and buildings over until July, next, when the new budget appropriations will be available.

Among the deficiencies said to exist in the various institutions are the following:

- Elgin state hospital, \$157,626.
- Kankakee hospital, \$178,816.
- Jacksonville hospital, \$41,547.
- Anna hospital, \$58,492.
- Watertown, \$91,897.
- Peoria hospital, \$145,424.
- Alton hospital, \$69,965.
- Lincoln state school and colony, \$131,116.
- School for the blind, Jacksonville, \$103.
- Soldiers' and Sailors' home, Quincy, \$19,653.
- Soldiers' Widows home, Wilmington, \$1,764.
- Soldiers' Orphans home, Normal, \$38,969.
- Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, \$870.
- State training school for Girls, Geneva, \$36,382.
- School for Boys, St. Charles, \$99,203.
- Joliet penitentiary, \$178,851.
- Chester penitentiary, \$87,759.
- Pontiac reformatory, \$36,679.

Lafayette Nelles, of Viola, was a Dixon visitor Wednesday.

## CONSOLIDATION WOULD BENEFIT THE CITY IN MANY VITAL RESPECTS

(Continued from page 1.)

er and rightly so. Other cities like Dixon are maintaining such schools, and if we hold our place, we must have schools which compare favorably with other communities so as to attract as permanent residents those having children to educate.

Other communities have tried to maintain two good schools and abandoned the project as impossible. It is not possible for Dixon to maintain two good schools, but one which will be complete in every department and ample for all requirements of our population can be maintained if backed by the entire two districts. No new building or large expenditure is needed at once and in all probability, if the union is brought about, the two high schools as at present conducted will be maintained until such time as more space is required, with a principal for each, but with one board and one superintendent, centralizing the control and unifying the system. As citizens, we should face the situation squarely, recognize that the standards and requirements will be raised as time goes on and unite all our forces in a program which will give us the maximum in return for the money expended. It would be a mistake to go on under the present conditions trying to maintain two good up-to-date schools in Dixon.

While it is argued that the tax rate this year is higher in North Dixon than on the south side of the river, it is equally true that but a short time ago, the reverse was the case. When the new Dixon High school was being built, the rate was higher on the south side. If it becomes necessary in the near future to erect a grade school in the southeast portion of the city as many are now advocating, the rate will again be higher on the south side of the river. Two years ago the North Dixon buildings were entirely re-modelled, a new heating plant installed and many improvements made. The preliminary estimate proved less than the amount found necessary after the work was begun so that the bonds issued to cover the cost of improvement were only about half of the actual requirements. For the past two years

therefore a direct building tax has been levied in order to pay for these improvements, resulting in the tax rate on the north side being considerably above normal. When the tax now being collected, is applied, these building expenses will be practically paid and the rate this year, should the district remain separate, would be practically on a basis of operating requirements only, and be very little, if any, higher than the rate on the south side of the river. The bonded indebtedness on the south side of the river is \$35,000 while the net outstanding bonds against the north side district are but \$12,500. Annual interest is being paid, however, upon the Loveland school bonds amounting to \$10,500 principal of which the district is not required to pay. Taking all these matters into consideration, a union of the two districts is going to make very little difference with the tax payer on either side of the river. The principal question to be considered, as stated in the beginning, is the added efficiency possible thru a unified system and control, the immediate necessity for uniform text books, and a preparation for the future by uniting all our forces in the determination to give Dixon the best schools possible in return for what is paid in school tax.

## Would Allow School Districts to Bond

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—A bill introduced by Representative Hicks, Rockford, would authorize school directors and boards of education to issue bonds for payment of warrants issued before January 1, 1920, in anticipation of taxes levied for school purposes.

The measure, Mr. Hicks stated, is to enable school districts to get from under indebtedness that has been piling up all over the state because of shortage of funds to meet school expenses.

As the bonds would be payable within twenty years, Mr. Hicks believes school boards in that time could clear up the debts that have accrued over a period of years. Interest would not exceed five per cent.

A school district would not be permitted to incur any indebtedness with other outstanding indebtedness by issue of bonds together in excess of five per cent on the valuation of the taxable property of the district.

The Morton Dockery family have moved from Polo, R3, to Dixon, R1.

## Lieut. Frank Kruesi Returned From France

Freeport, Ill., Feb. 26.—This morning's issue of the Chicago Tribune contains a picture of a number of Yank officers, the picture being snapped as the officers alighted from the transport Manchuria in New York. Included in the group is Lieut. Frank E. Kruesi, formerly local manager for the Illinois Northern Utilities company in this city. Lieut. Kruesi served in Freeport as head of the electric company for about two years and is well remembered by Freeport residents. He had been overseas for many months.

## 'Property Transfers.'

Charles A. Rabbit to Nels S. Jensen, wd. \$1, nhnwq 20 and swsq 16, Amboy.

Nels S. Jensen to Charles W. Rabbit, wd. \$1 nwq 19, May.

Fred W. Hatch to Annie E. and Fred W. Hatch, wd. \$2,500, pt. lot 68, Moeller's sur., Dixon.

Annie E. Geiger to Thomas L. Geiger, qd. \$1, seqnwq., erswq. and nwseq. 14, Nelson.

W. S. Earl to Emma Eichler, wd. \$4,000, pt. lot 1, blk. 39, North Dixon.

Dennis D. Considine to Thomas H. Long, wd. \$3,400, swqnwq. 17, Harmon.

Margaret A. Hess to William B. Adams, wd. \$5,000, pt. lot 21, Riverside, add., Dixon.

William M. Freese to Brad S. Davis, wd. \$2,000, tract 20, Loveland Place Tracts, Dixon.

James McBride to Joseph McBride wd \$1 and 1-3 int ehswq and seqnwq 24 East Grove.

Kyle C. Miller to Peter J. Montavon wd \$14000 whnwq 24 and wh neq 23 Lee Center.

William L. Emmett to Amos and Nettie Holzhauser wd \$30,926 pt swq 27; seqsq 28 and pt nwq 34 Palmyra.

Edward O'Connell to Mary Ann O'Connell wd \$2,000 ch lots 1, 2 and 3, blk 16 Dements add Dixon.

Magnus C. Rees to Wesley Peach wd \$33,600 shneq and nhseq 26 Hamilton.

Heirs of Anton Hermes to John and Edward Hermes wd \$28,571.43 and 5-7 int seq and shneq 6 Hamilton.

Elizabeth Skeffington to Gertrude Nesbit wd \$2,000 lots 98, 99 and pt lot 97 Maple Park add Dixon.

**CO. F WILL DRILL.**

Regular drill of Company F will be held at the Armory this evening.

## Eleven Illinois Men Reported in Casualties

But eleven Illinois men are included in today's casualty reports, five this afternoon and six this morning. The summary of the reports: Morning—Wounded severely, 113; missing in action, 1. Total, 114. Afternoon—Killed in action, 3; died from wounds, 8; died of accident and other causes, 11; died of disease, 63. Total, 85.

The As-Uh-Can Club of Nachusa will present a play entitled:

## "The Heiress of Hoetown"

Time:  
FRIDAY, FEB. 28, 1919, 8:00 P. M.

Place:  
CURRAN'S HALL, NACHUSA

CAST.

Jimmie Blake, Physical Culturist

..... Harvey Currans

..... Ezra Stonyboy, Postmaster.....

..... Ralph Johnson

Count Victor Quebec Picard.....

..... Herbert Wadsworth

Corporal Cannon, a veteran of '61

..... Claude Currans

White Blackstone, a Lawyer.....

..... Ray Currans

Congressman Drybottle, John Weigle

Doolittle Mutch, a busy body.....

..... George Pitzer

Mary Darling, the heiress.....

..... Ramona Schweser

Betty Brown, Mary's chum.....

..... Cathren Hoff

Jane Stonyboy, a woman of ideas

..... Mary Clingan

Tillie Tung, the village pest.....

..... Ruth McClanahan

**SYNOPSIS.**

Mary's aunt, Jane Stonyboy, is ambitious to have her marry a title. Blackstone with Picard, a bogus count, appears and arrangement of marriage with a large settlement is soon made. Jimmie discovers the count not the real thing, and with the aid of Mutch decides to run him out. Blackstone accuses Jimmie of stealing Mary's necklace and demands that he be searched. Mutch searches the count, finds him without money and arrests him as a common vag. The count is released and wedding arrangements are in progress when a financial panic wipes out Mary's money and Blackstone and the count get "cold feet" and hike for old Broadway. Jimmie, with just love, courage and "care fare" stays and Mary knows true love has called her.

# RUMLEY OilPull Tractors SERVICE

A "SERVICE STATION" sign alone does not make SERVICE. Service to be REAL must be more than the good intentions of a dealer. It must be his ability to render it 100 per cent.

I have just returned from LaPorte, Indiana, where the famous OilPull tractor is built. I was privileged to attend a two weeks' tractor school in company with other dealers selected by the Advance-Rumely Thresher Company to take this course.

I went to LaPorte determined to get the utmost out of this course and to justify my appointment as an Advance-Rumely distributor. I got all of that—plus an increased respect and enthusiasm for the product and the Company that makes it.

I wish every farmer around here could see the inside of the OilPull factory. In the first place, it is a whale of a plant—the machine shop alone is 800 feet long—but what impresses you next to the bigness of it, is the way things are organized and the thoroughness with which the goods are manufactured, inspected and tested.

I was pretty well satisfied before I went down to LaPorte that the materials and work-

manship that went into the OilPull were the best that went into any tractor. Now I am SURE of it.

We dealers didn't play at that school. It was hard work, a minimum of talk and a maximum of action. We learned the OilPull motor by taking it apart and putting it together. The same with the transmission, and every part of the construction and operation of the OilPull that a man has got to know. I wouldn't sell what I learned at the OilPull school in LaPorte.

What does all this mean to you, you say? It means just this. My two weeks at the OilPull factory have given me a knowledge and experience of not only how the OilPull is made and how it works, but how to keep it working. I have a foundation for a Tractor Service to my customers that can't be equalled in these parts. I put the time in down there at LaPorte for the sole reason that I could take proper care of my customers' interests.

In the Rumely OilPull Tractor I am not only selling absolutely the most efficient, dependable and economical tractor on the market—and guaranteed, remember—but I am backing it with a personal service that means something.

# W. D. DREW

ADVANCE-RUMELY DISTRIBUTOR

DIXON

ILLINOIS



## DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH

Published By

The B. F. Shaw Printing Company, at 124 East First Street, Dixon, Illinois.  
Daily except Sunday.

Entered at the Postoffice in the City of Dixon, Illinois, for transmission through mails, as second-class mail matter.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DIXON.

MEMBER OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION.

By Mail, outside Lee and adjoining Counties: Per year, \$5.00; six months, \$2.75; three months, \$1.75; one month, \$ .60.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

In Dixon, by Carrier: 15 cents per week or \$7.50 per year.

By Mail, in Lee or adjoining Counties: Per year, \$4.00; six months, \$2.25; three months, \$1.25; one month, \$ .50.

## THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Much has been said and published recently about the Monroe doctrine. Most Americans, and Europeans as well, know its meaning, but few are able to recall the text, or know just where to find a copy of it. It was enunciated by President Monroe in his message to congress Dec. 2, 1823. Referring to steps taken to arrange the rights of Russia, Great Britain and the United States on the northwest coast of this continent, the president said:

"In the discussion to which this interest has given rise, and in the arrangements by which they may terminate, the occasion has been deemed proper for asserting, as a principle in which the rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European power. . . . We owe it, therefore, to candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered and shall not interfere. But with the governments who have declared their independence and maintain it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States."

## BUY LIBERTY BONDS.

We are spending at the rate of two billion dollars a month, and it is not the time for people to lay their patriotism aside. To the contrary, it is a time when people must exhibit a higher type than ever before. It is not so very difficult to induce people to respond to an appeal when we are feeling the fever of fighting in our veins, but it is a little difficult when people think the war is at an end. There are two million American soldiers in Europe, and the obligation is just as much on the government today as when the guns were firing to see that they are maintained in comfort, to provide for their return home, and to provide when they shall return for their places in the social and industrial life of the country. It is just as important, and even more important, to impress upon the American people the necessity of cultivating the habit of thrift and saving.

The above was the December 30 statement of Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury. Conditions are not far changed today, either as regards expenditures or men overseas. The fifth Liberty loan—the Victory loan—is coming, probably in April. It is up to the people—we people right here in Lee county, as well as throughout the country—to subscribe once more for Liberty bonds, and to subscribe to the limit that may be asked.

## "INVADING ENEMIES."

To some New York citizens who protested that the federal government was unduly severe in sending out of the country certain radical residents, Secretary of Commerce Wilson explained that the offenders, being aliens, never had any rights in this country except on tolerance of the United States government, and that they have forfeited those rights under the authority of the immigration law.

"It is my intention," he added, "as secretary of labor, now that the usual danger of sea travel is over, to carry out the clear provisions of the law; first, because it is my sworn duty to do so, and second, because any foreigner who comes to this country and advocates the overthrow of our form of government by force is an invading enemy, who is treated with great leniency when he is simply deported to the land from which he came."

This is a straight, strong statement of the situation. The attention of silly or traitorous critics is particularly invited to the fact that the offenders are "invading enemies," and are getting off easy when they are allowed to go back home instead of being hanged or shot. Most of them realize that so clearly that they have wisely turned down the government's invitation to appeal to the courts if they don't like their medicine.

The secretary's statement leaves only one thing to be regretted—that these gentry were not exported by the shipload before "the unusual danger of sea travel" was at an end.

The Chicago Association of Commerce has decided to give preference in employment and promotion to loyal American citizens, and its members will post notices to that effect. The first paragraph of the notice reads: "We shall first promote native Americans, naturalized citizens or those who have applied for naturalization." Another paragraph reads: "You can't be a faithful and intelligent if you don't know English." These sentiments will find an echo in every loyal American heart.

## ABE MARTIN



Plug hats may become popular again, but the old time gentleman is gone forever. "I've been married five times and I'll say the most trying thing is trainin' a man to use the butter knife," said Libbie Pash today.

## CITY IN BRIEF

Postmaster A. M. Clavin, of Sterling, was in Dixon yesterday for a short visit while enroute to Freeport on business in the federal court.

—The best thing to make your hair soft, thick and glossy—Parisian Sage. Rowland Bros. sell the genuine made from the original formula.

—Bargain in navy beans. 10 lbs. for 85c. When this lot is gone you will pay more. Bowser Fruit Co., 92 Hennepin Ave. 48-12

Sheriff Schoenholtz went to Rochelle this morning on a business trip.

State's Attorney Harry Edwards will leave this evening for Omaha on professional business.

Frank Henry, of Viola township, was a visitor in Dixon today.

## Norman Hapgood is Minister to Denmark

By Associated Press Leased Wire Washington, Feb. 27.—Norman Hapgood of New York, was today nominated to be Minister of Denmark.

## NEW SLOGANS SHOW CHANGED CONDITIONS

By Associated Press Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—Slogans coined by the Internal Revenue Bureau to stimulate early and full payment of income taxes reflect the changed conditions in which the taxpayers find himself now that victory has been won and hostilities have ceased. The powers of autocracy have been defeated but the monetary cost of the success still is to be met, largely by the taxes to be paid this year.

"Army of Occupation" sounds good but it needs your support," says one of the slogans. Then it asks, "Have you paid your income tax?"

Another classes an income tax receipt with a gold service stripe. Those who celebrated victory most loudly are reminded that "tooting a horn on armistice day did not end your part in winning a peace with victory. Paying your income tax makes more real noise than tooting a horn."

Persons who may be inclined to grumble at the increased rate of taxation are given food for thought in the following:

"If you think your income tax is a hardship, picture what you would have been up against had William Hohenzollern won the collectorship job."

Other slogans include: "You stand up for the National Anthem. Now stand up and pay your income tax."

"There were no delinquents at Chateau Thierry. Are you delaying the payment of your income tax?"

"Don't try to fool your conscience by cheering the returning soldiers and forgetting to pay your income tax. An income tax evader hasn't much on any of the other pro-Germans."

"If you didn't serve over there you can serve over here by paying your income tax."

"When the boys come home they will ask what YOU have done. Show them your income tax receipt."

"When you pay your income tax you get a receipt from Uncle Sam. What would have William Hohenzollern have handed you?"

"Uncle Sam has a big job ahead of him. Help him by paying your income tax now."

## A. Mitchell Palmer to Be Atty. General

By Associated Press Leased Wire Washington, Feb. 27.—A. Mitchell Palmer was today nominated by President Wilson to be Attorney General. Mr. Palmer will probably take office March 4, the date tentatively set by Attorney General Gregory for his retirement to private life when he resigned several months ago. The resignation of Mr. Palmer as alien property custodian has not yet been announced nor is there any information as to who will succeed him.

## PRINCESS PAT MARRIED TODAY

By Associated Press Leased Wire London, Feb. 27.—Princess Patricia of Connaught and Commander Alexander B. M. Ramsay, Royal Navy, were married at Westminster Abbey at noon today. No other social event since the outbreak of the war has attained such attention. The crowds began to gather early along the route over which the Princess, accompanied by her father, the Duke of Connaught, drove from St. James Palace to the Abbey. The ceremony was performed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the presence of King George, Queen Mary and a great assemblage of the royal family. U. S. Ambassador and Mrs. John W. Davis were present. In the rowd in Princess among the plain people. The have were many friends of the wedding gifts of which there are nearly 700, continued to arrive during the day. They range from homely market baskets to priceless diamonds. Three thousand people gathered in the abbey for the ceremony. The day was gray and cold.

## Could Not Raise Blockade on Huns

By Associated Press Leased Wire London, Feb. 27.—The blockade of Germany could not be raised until peace terms which would make war impossible had been signed, Premier Lloyd George told the Industrial parliament this afternoon. He said he had hopes that within the next few weeks preliminary peace terms would be signed. Peace is virtually established, he said, but the spectre of unrest has appeared and that must be gotten rid of.

## Says League Will Fall Unless U. S. Gets In

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—President Wilson told the members of the Congressional foreign relations committees at dinner last evening that unless the United States enters the League of Nations the league will fall and unpeppable chaos and turmoil would result. The Republican members, however, have apparently not changed their views and will continue to voice their opposition to the league until Congress adjourns next Tuesday.

## Governor Cancelled Speaking Engagement

By Associated Press Leased Wire Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Gov. Lowden has cancelled his proposed address before the National Educational Assn. in Chicago tonight. The governor has been suffering with a severe cold since Sunday and he decided today that it is best to remain indoors.

## American Store Had Great Opening Today

The Great American Stores had a great opening in its new location in the Masonic Temple building today. The bargains advertised in the Telegraph causing a great crowd to throng the store all day long. The bargain on brooms proved especially attractive and between 7 o'clock and noon 527 of the brooms were sold.

## Entente Troops on Mannheim Bridgehead

By Associated Press Leased Wire Basel, Feb. 27.—A Mannheim dispatch yesterday states that entente troops occupied the bridgehead at Mannheim yesterday noon.

## Eisner Funeral in Munich Impressive

By Associated Press Leased Wire Basel, Feb. 27.—The funeral of Kurt Eisner, former Bavarian Premier, assassinated last week, which was held at Munich yesterday was the most impressive demonstration that city has ever experienced.

## Bolshevik Attempt Monday is Repulsed

By Associated Press Leased Wire Archangel, Feb. 26.—(Delayed.)—Bolshevik troops on Monday attempted to capture the newly gained allied positions on the Murmansk front, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The Bolsheviks used an armored train in their assaults.

## Stole Bonds From Pittsburg Offices

By Associated Press Leased Wire Pittsburg, Feb. 27.—The theft of \$100,000 in Liberty Bonds, cash and other securities from the office of the James B. Oliver estate on the 22nd floor of the Oliver building was reported to the police today. The theft occurred during the night.

## CALLED TO FUNERAL.

Mrs. Ada Davis has received news of the death of her father-in-law, J. W. Davis of Hanna, Ill. Miss Nell Davis and sister, Mrs. Ezra Hoover, left this morning to attend the funeral.

## LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED.

By Associated Press Leased Wire Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Both houses of the General Assembly today adjourned until next Tuesday.

## English Miners to Postpone Big Strike

By Associated Press Leased Wire London, Eng., Feb. 27.—The National Federation of Miners has postponed its strike notices, which were to have become effective March 15, for one week. After conference between Premier Lloyd George and leaders of the Miners the leaders decided to accept the government's invitation to be represented on the committee to inquire into mining conditions. The Premier stated that he hoped by summer the cost of living in the workingman's home would be reduced at least four shillings a week.

## SOCIETY

METHODIST AID—There will be a business meeting of the Methodist Aid society in the Epworth League room of the church tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

## FOR THE MISSES MATZNICK—

A group of Prairieville young people gathered at the home of the Misses Ruth and Mable Matznick Friday evening of last week and gave them a farewell surprise party. The twenty-five who were present spent a most enjoyable evening in playing games. Music was also enjoyed and refreshments served. The Misses Matznick, with their people, are moving tomorrow to a farm west of Sterling.

## ATTENDED SOCIAL—

Miss Marion Fellows, of North Dixon, attended the basket social given in Gap Grove hall last evening by the Volunteers class of Prairieville. She was the guest of Miss Avis Martin for the night.

## ENTERTAINED AT DINNER—

Mr. and Mrs. J. Leo Kilday were entertained at a dinner in their honor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Coakley, of North Jefferson avenue, last evening. Mrs. Coakley is an aunt of Mr. Kilday. Mr. Kilday during the evening told of his many interesting experiences in France. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Wormell and children, of Rock Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Kilday returned this evening to their home in Lena, Ill.

## LUTHER LEAGUE PARTY—

The Luther League will give a party this evening at the German Lutheran church. All young people of the church are invited.

## ANNUAL MAY PARTY—

Advance notice is given of the annual May Party of the Travelers from the East, the affair which each year enlists the interests of so many Dixon folks. It will be held Monday evening, May 5th, at Rosbrook hall. Selig's orchestra from LaSalle has been secured.

## RETURNED FROM MICHIGAN—

Mrs. Maude Cheney has returned from a several months' visit in St. Joseph, Mich.

## TO FT. SNELLING.

Corporal Charles E. Lloyd, who was some time ago at the base hospital at Ft. Sheridan recovering from wounds, is not at the U. S. General Hospital, Ft. Snelling, Minn., and is in Ward One, Main Hospital.

## ANNOUNCE MILK PRICE.

The Borden Milk Co. this afternoon announced a price of \$3 per hundred for 3.5 per cent butter fat milk delivered at their factory during March, with the usual increase or decrease for milk varying from that standard.

Mrs. C. H. Gray has left for Mobile, Ala., for a month's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Webb and her sister, Mrs. Jeanette Ennis.

## Brush the Teeth With Apple.

An apple eaten in the evening will cleanse the teeth mechanically and chemically, says the Popular Science Monthly, and if followed by vigorous brushing will protect them from bacteria during the night.

Mrs. Goolman is assisting at the Miss Winter millinery.

## IF HE CAME NOW

If he came now!

My heart would be like a once quiet street.

Hung with gay lanterns on a fete night,

With singing! And my heart would be a child,

Sleepily waking to a kiss, then flinging

Sleep from it, springing

With all too ready feet,

Out of the night, into the world again,

And finding that its toys were all once more

There where it left them, waiting on the floor.

To be played with again. My heart would be

An open book filled full with witchery,

Filled too, with pain

An opened book that had been left too long

Upon a dusty shelf. It would be a song

In a young mouth. And it would be bade,

Opening under the moon, and shivering at the dew.

But liking it. And it would be a flame,

Red in the night. I used to be glad when

he came,

But not so very glad—because I thought

That I would always have him. Then

war caught

Him up from me, and bore him out

To be where danger is; and killed my doubt.

My hesitation and half fears. Ah, now I would run to welcome him, if he came now!

—Mary Carolyn Davis, in Good House-keeping.

## Activities at the Dixon Assn. Of Interest To All Its Friends

## BOYS ENJOYED TALK OF OVERSEAS Y WORK.

About fifty boys enjoyed an illustrated talk by Sec. A. W. Davis on Y. M. C. A. army work overseas at the association building at 4:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A large number of stereopticon slides, showing the great work the Y had been doing with the army, were sent out by the state organization, together with descriptive matter which was read by Mr. Davis.

## BOYS STRIVING TO SECURE 200 MEMBERS.

The boys' department will inaugurate a big membership drive next week whereby they hope to boost the membership of the department from 170 to 200, and maybe more. The

younger members will direct the drive themselves, and because of this feature it will be of greater interest.

## BOWLING BANQUET NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.

The A. B. C. bowlers, who recently completed one of the most successful tournaments in the history of the association, will enjoy their big victory banquet at the association banquet rooms Monday evening at 6:15 o'clock. Present indications are that fully 100 bowlers will participate in the "eats."

## HOLLAND HORTON CHECKER CHAMPION.

Holland Horton has been acclaimed the winner of the checker tournament just completed in the boys' department.

## CHICAGO MARKETS

CORN—	Open	Close
February . . . . .	131 1/2	132
March . . . . .	131 1/2	130
May . . . . .	125 3/4	123 3/4
July . . . . .	121 1/2	119 1/2

OATS—	Open	Close
February . . . . .	58 1/2	58
March . . . . .	59	58 1/2
May . . . . .	59 3/4	59 1/2
July . . . . .	58 3/4	58 1/2

WHEAT—	Open	Close
No. 1 Northern, 227 to 229.		
No. 2 Northern, 224 to 224 1/2.		
No. 3 Northern, 220 to 221.		

CORN—	Open	Close
No. 3 Mixed, 131.		
No. 4 Mixed, 128 to 128 1/2.		
No. 5 Mixed, 126 1/2 to 127 1/2.		
No. 6 Mixed, 124.		
No. 3 Yellow, 131 1/2 to 132 1/2.		
No. 4, Yellow, 128 1/2 to 129 1/2.		

## LIVESTOCK MARKET.

RECEIPTS TODAY—Hogs, 46,000. Cattle, 8,000. Sheep, 15,000. Hogs steady, top \$17.70. Cattle and sheep steady.

William Herwig, of Franklin Grove, transacted business in this city today.

John Cluts, of Ashton, transacted business here today.

## Strong Piano Shop

Next to Keyes

We have sold a lot of pianos, mostly through the recommendation of former purchasers and this is the very thing we prize most highly.

WE SELL GOOD PIANOS

You cannot build a reputation on poor ones. Our prices are always reasonable.

## Dixon Opera House

2 NIGHTS FRIDAY, FEB. 28  
Matinees SAT., Mar. 1st

## The SHEPHERD of the HILLS



Matinees at 2:30 Nights at 8:15

Millions of People Have Read the Book  
Millions of People Have Seen the Play  
THE PICTURE IS A MASTERFUL VISUALIZATION OF THE BOTH

Ten Reels of Unusual Interest

PRICES 25c-35c-50c PLUS War Tax

Matinees—All Seats 25c Children 15c  
Seats on sale at Todd's Hat Store Thursday A. M.  
Phone 465





Scene from "The Shepherd of the Hills," pictured for the screen, to be shown at the Dixon Opera House, on Friday and Saturday, matinees and nights.

LEE COUNTY SOLDIER  
OVER TOP MANY TIMES

Continuation of Story Told  
By Sgt. Clyde Shore of  
His Experience.

HIS PAL WAS KILLED

The second night before they went into battle they started about six o'clock on a hike toward the front. It started to rain and the farther they went the harder it rained and their packs drew extremely heavy. They marched until about 4 o'clock in the morning and then went up on a high hill and laid down in the mud to catch a little sleep and rest. They stayed here a short time, got dried out and cleaned up a little. At this point they were just in range of the shells, and while a great many came close none fell among them. They left at 7:30 that night and hiked to the front line trenches, about six miles off. They were lucky as they never got a shell from old Jerry.

**Heavy Artillery.**  
A short time after they got into the front line trenches, the artillery opened up and it seemed that there was enough to blow the world to pieces, or two worlds for that matter. This was about one o'clock in the morning. It seemed that there was more steel in the air going over to the Germans than was possible to be in the space; it was almost a continuous piece of steel pouring over into them. At 5:30 the word was sent along to go over the top. It was ideal on account of a heavy fog and you couldn't be seen for more than twenty-five or thirty feet. The ground all around seemed to be newly plowed. They charged the Germans until about two o'clock in the afternoon without a letup. His company captured five hundred prisoners and large quantities of ammunition, artillery and stores.

Get Real Treat.

About two o'clock in the afternoon they ran into a German camp, and chased them away before they could get to eat their chow, which was over the fire in two big pots which would hold about fifty gallons. It was all steaming hot, pork and beans, cabbage and other good eats. It did not take them long to pitch into this as they had not had anything to eat since the night before and they made a real clean up.

Hard Fighting.

For the next three days they had hard fighting. The lost lots of men, but neither lost nor gained any ground. On the third day they were determined to gain or lose, and as the Americans never lost, after a hard day's fighting they gained about three-quarters of a mile beyond the line of the night before. The Germans had plenty of machine guns and cut our men down something terrible. Sergeant Shore, with four other men, got through the first machine gunners, put them out of commission and didn't stop to wait for the rest but proceeded on. They came to a timber and being of the scouts they wanted to go ahead and discover more machine gun nests.

Lives to Tell Story.

In the party was a lieutenant and three privates, besides himself. He had just stopped to look into a dug-out to make sure there was no one in it to attack them from the rear, and the lieutenant and three men were but a few yards ahead. He ran to catch up with them. They were just going up over a little knoll when the machine guns opened up on them and they were all killed outright. Sergeant Shore had just time to drop behind the knoll and they kept firing at the knoll and the bullets were tearing the ground away just above him, one bullet striking him in the foot.

Crawled to Safety.

He realized that if he stayed there they would get him in a very short time, so after laying still for about a half hour he crawled to another

bank. Here he began to think his time had come, as the bullets certainly were coming his way. He laid here for another twenty or thirty minutes, then started rolling over and over down the hill and when about forty or fifty feet from a time he got up and ran as best he could with his injured foot. He then started back toward the first aid station, which was at all times under fire.

Terrible Sight.

He stated that he wished he was an artist and could picture the terrible sights he saw as he stalked back to the dressing stations. Men would be dragging along with one or both legs shot off, others without an arm or hand, others with their heads all bandaged up. Some dropping down into the mud to rest until the could go further, or dying from the loss of blood. The dead lying all about so that it was difficult to move without stepping on them. Nothing that you could picture would be so terrible.

Into Certain Death.

He saw a company of men storming machine gun nests, saw them dropping down, and others back of them going right into the breach until the machine guns were silenced. Men in his company were completely blown to pieces not over twenty feet from him, and all that could be found would be a piece of their body. This is only a very small part of his experience and he got through with only a bullet in his foot, which put him into the hospital until after the armistice was signed, while a number of his comrades were killed at his side.

AMUSEMENTS  
DIXON OPERA HOUSE.

"The Shepherd of the Hills"—Photo-Play Attraction Superb.

The filmatization of this great novel has been a year in the making. The author, Harold Bell Wright, wrote the scenario for the pictures and has directed every detail. His associates, consisting of actors, actresses, artists, photographers, have numbered over two hundred people, not to mention the people shown in the mob scenes, also there are a large number of livestock used. Horses, cattle, one hundred and fifty sheep, collie dog, birds, and what not. This company has been together a year. Sometimes in California, other times in the Ozark mountains of Missouri. Mr. Wright who is a stickler for detail, has spared no expense in his efforts to keep the ensemble as nearly like the original as possible, throughout the entire time it has taken to complete the picture. For instance, the flock of sheep was first secured in the Ozarks. When the work was finished there, it was thought that the sheep would be left there. Here Mr. Wright voiced an objection. There was one scene to be taken in California which must have some sheep in the background, so the original sheep actors had to travel to California to appear in that particular scene before they could be dismissed. A very effective detail and only one of the multitude which help to make "The Shepherd of the Hills," a truly great picture. At the Opera House on Friday and Saturday of this week, matinees and nights.

State May Begin Use  
of Patented Material

By Associated Press  
Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Representative H. S. Hicks, Rockford, is the sponsor of a house bill, now in the committee on roads and bridges, that would enable the state to use patented building materials in construction of state roads and city streets.

Legislation prohibiting the use of such materials was said to have been prompted by fear that contracts given manufacturing companies would result in monopolies. The Hicks bill is intended to throw certain safeguards around the awarding of contracts to prevent possible monopolies.

Friends of the measure contend that patent building materials are especially adapted for certain use, and that legislation barring such materials is detrimental to the state.

SOLDIER'S WIFE IS  
VICTIM OF BULLET

Another Woman Shot Her  
—Charges Friendship  
with Husband.

Whitehall, Ill., Feb. 26.—Mrs. Fred Wayman, 19 years old, the wife of a soldier now serving in France, is in the Passavant hospital in Jacksonville, having been shot twice by Mrs. William Austin yesterday afternoon.

Her condition is reported to be critical. She was shot through both lungs and in the abdomen.

Home Is In Beardstown.

Mrs. Wayman's home is in Beardstown, but she came to Whitehall to be with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Birdsell, after her husband had sailed for France with the One Hundred and Eighty-third division last June.

The shooting took place in the Singleton grocery. Mrs. Wayman had entered to make a purchase when Mrs. Austin stepped up and asked, "Are you Mrs. Wayman?" When she was answered with a nod she drew a revolver and exclaimed, "Answer this," firing immediately. The second bullet, having passed directly through Mrs. Wayman's body, was found buried in the floor.

Claims Husband Is Cause.

Mrs. Austin walked to the police station and surrendered, claiming that she had shot the other woman because her husband had been attentive to her.

Austin is Mrs. Austin's third husband. Her first husband was named McLaughlin. She was divorced from him, marrying Thomas Ratcliffe. Five years ago McLaughlin shot Ratcliffe. Mrs. Ratcliffe then married William Austin of Whitehall.

Democrats Threaten  
to Hold Money Bill

By Associated Press

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—Democratic leaders threaten to hold up emergency appropriation bills unless the republican majority permits "fair consideration" in committee of Minority leader Igoe's resolution asking for information on the administration plan for reconstruction building plans.

One of the big emergency appropriation measures asks \$1,510,000 for operating expenses of the state charitable and penal institutions which comes in the form of a deficiency. The bill carries no items covering salaries, equipment or permanent improvement. It is intended to carry the department of public works and buildings over until July, next, when the new budget appropriations will be available.

Among the deficiencies said to exist in the various institutions are the following:

- Elgin state hospital, \$157,626.
- Kankakee hospital, \$173,816.
- Jacksonville hospital, \$41,547.
- Anna hospital, \$58,492.
- Watertown, \$91,897.
- Peoria hospital, \$145,424.
- Alton hospital, \$69,965.
- Lincoln state school and colony, \$131,116.
- School for the blind, Jacksonville, \$103.
- Soldiers' and Sailors' home, Quincy, \$19,653.
- Soldiers' Widows home, Wilmington, \$1,764.
- Soldiers' Orphans home, Normal, \$38,969.
- Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, \$870.
- State training school for Girls, Geneva, \$36,382.
- School for Boys, St. Charles, \$99,203.
- Joliet penitentiary, \$178,851.
- Chester penitentiary, \$87,759.
- Pontiac reformatory, \$36,679.

Lafayette Nelles, of Viola, was a Dixon visitor Wednesday.

CONSOLIDATION WOULD  
BENEFIT THE CITY IN  
MANY VITAL RESPECTS

(Continued from page 1.)

er and rightly so. Other cities like Dixon are maintaining such schools, and if we hold our place, we must have schools which compare favorably with other communities so as to attract as permanent residents those having children to educate.

Other communities have tried to maintain two good schools and abandoned the project as impossible. It is not possible for Dixon to maintain two good schools, but one which will be complete in every department and ample for all requirements of our population can be maintained if backed by the entire two districts. No new building or large expenditure is needed at once and in all probability, if the union is brought about, the two high schools as at present conducted will be maintained until such time as more space is required, with a principal for each, but with one board and one superintendent, centralizing the control and unifying the system. As citizens, we should face the situation squarely, recognize that the standards and requirements will be raised as time goes on and unite all our forces in a program which will give us the maximum in return for the money expended. It would be a mistake to go on under the present conditions trying to maintain two good up-to-date schools in Dixon.

While it is argued that the tax rate this year is higher in North Dixon than on the south side of the river, it is equally true that but a short time ago, the reverse was the case. When the new Dixon High school was being built, the rate was higher on the south side. If it becomes necessary in the near future to erect a grade school in the southeast portion of the city as many are now advocating, the rate will again be higher on the south side of the river. Two years ago the North Dixon buildings were entirely re-modelled, a new heating plant installed and many improvements made. The preliminary estimate proved less than the amount found necessary after the work was begun so that the bonds issued to cover the cost of improvement were only about half of the actual requirements. For the past two years

therefore a direct building tax has been levied in order to pay for these improvements, resulting in the tax rate on the north side being considerably above normal. When the tax now being collected, is applied, these building expenses will be practically paid and the rate this year, should the district remain separate, would be practically on a basis of operating requirements only, and be very little, if any, higher than the rate on the south side of the river. The bonded indebtedness on the south side of the river is \$35,000 while the net outstanding bonds against the north side district are but \$12,500. Annual interest is being paid, however, upon the Loveland school bonds amounting to \$10,500 principal of which the district is not required to pay. Taking all these matters into consideration, a union of the two districts is going to make very little difference with the tax payer on either side of the river. The principal question to be considered, as stated in the beginning, is the added efficiency possible thru a unified system and control, the immediate necessity for uniform text books, and a preparation for the future by uniting all our forces in the determination to give Dixon the best schools possible in return for what is paid in school tax.

Would Allow School  
Districts to Bond

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—A bill introduced by Representative Hicks, Rockford, would authorize school directors and boards of education to issue bonds for payment of warrants issued before January 1, 1920, in anticipation of taxes levied for school purposes.

The measure, Mr. Hicks stated, is to enable school districts to get from under indebtedness that has been piling up all over the state because of shortage of funds to meet school expenses.

As the bonds would be payable within twenty years, Mr. Hicks believes school boards in that time could clear up the debts that have accrued over a period of years. Interest would not exceed five per cent.

A school district would not be permitted to incur any indebtedness with other outstanding indebtedness by issue of bonds together in excess of five per cent on the valuation of the taxable property of the district.

The Morton Dockery family have moved from Polo, R3, to Dixon, R1.

Lieut. Frank Kruesi  
Returned From France

Freeport, Ill., Feb. 26.—This morning's issue of the Chicago Tribune contains a picture of a number of Yank officers, the picture being snapped as the officers alighted from the transport Manchuria in New York. Included in the group is Lieut. Frank E. Kruesi, formerly local manager for the Illinois Northern Utilities company in this city. Lieut. Kruesi served in Freeport as head of the electric company for about two years and is well remembered by Freeport residents. He had been overseas for many months.

Property Transfers.

Charles A. Rabbit to Nels S. Jensen, wd. \$1, nhnwq 20 and swsq 16, Amboy.

Nels S. Jensen to Charles W. Rabbit, wd. \$1 nwq. 19, May.

Mary A. Bender to Annie E. and Fred W. Hatch, wd. \$2,500, pt. lot 68, Moeller's sur., Dixon.

Annie E. Geiger to Thomas L. Geiger, qcd. \$1, seqnwq, erswq. and nwseq. 14, Nelson.

W. S. Earll to Emma Eichler, wd. \$4,000, pt. lot 1, blk. 39, North Dixon.

Dennis D. Considine to Thomas H. Long, wd. \$3,400, swqnwq. 17, Harmon.

Margaret A. Hess to William B. Adams, wd. \$5,000, pt. lot 21, Riverside, add., Dixon.

William M. Freese to Brad S. Davis, wd. \$2,000, tract 20, Loveland Place Tracts, Dixon.

James McBride to Joseph McBride wd \$1 and 1-3 int ehswq and seqnwq 24 East Grove.

Kyle C. Miller to Peter J. Montavon wd \$14000 whnwq 24 and whneq 23 Lee Center.

William L. Emmett to Amos and Nettie Holzhauser wd \$30,926 pt swq 27; seqseq 28 and pt nwq 34 Palmyra.

Edward O'Connell to Mary Ann O'Connell wd \$2,000 ch lots 1, 2 and 3, blk 16 Dements add Dixon.

Magnus C. Rees to Wesley Peach wd \$33,600 shneq and nhseq 26 Hamilton.

Heirs of Anton Hermes to John and Edward Hermes wd \$28,571.43 and 5-7 int seq and shneq 6 Hamilton.

Elizabeth Skeffington to Gertrude Nesbit wd \$2,000 lots 98, 99 and pt lot 97 Maple Park add Dixon.

CO. F WILL DRILL.  
Regular drill of Company F will be held at the Armory this evening.

Eleven Illinois Men  
Reported in Casualties

But eleven Illinois men are included in today's casualty reports, five this afternoon and six this morning. The summary of the reports: Morning—Wounded severely, 113; missing in action, 1. Total, 114. Afternoon—Killed in action, 3; died from wounds, 8; died of accident and other causes, 11; died of disease, 63. Total, 85.

The As-Uh-Can Club of Nachusa will present a play entitled:

"The Heiress of Hoetown"

Time:  
FRIDAY, FEB. 28, 1919, 8:00 P. M.

Place:  
CURRAN'S HALL, NACHUSA

CAST.

Jimmie Blake, Physical Culturist

..... Harvey Currans

Ezra Stonyboy, Postmaster.....

..... Ralph Johnson

Count Victor Quebec Picard.....

..... Herbert Wadsworth

Corporal Cannon, a veteran of '61

..... Claude Currans

White Blackstone, a Lawyer.....

..... Ray Currans

Congressman Drybottle. John Weigle

Doolittle Mutch, a busy body.....

..... George Pitzer

Mary Darling, the heiress.....

..... Ramona Schweser

Betty Brown, Mary's chum.....

..... Cathren Hoff

Jane Stonyboy, a woman of ideas

..... Mary Clingan

Tillie Tung, the village pest.....

..... Ruth McClanahan

SYNOPSIS.

Mary's aunt, Jane Stonyboy, is ambitious to have her marry a title. Blackstone with Picard, a bogus count, appears and arrangement of marriage with a large settlement is soon made. Jimmie discovers the count not the real thing, and with the aid of Mutch decides to run him out. Blackstone accuses Jimmie of stealing Mary's necklace and demands that he be searched. Mutch searches the count, finds him without money and arrests him as a common vag. The count is released and wedding arrangements are in progress when a financial panic wipes out Mary's money and Blackstone and the count get "cold feet" and hike for old Broadway. Jimmie, with just love, courage and "care fare" stays and Mary knows true love has called her.

RUMLEY  
OilPull Tractors  
SERVICE

A "SERVICE STATION" sign alone does not make SERVICE. Service to be REAL must be more than the good intentions of a dealer. It must be his ability to render it 100 per cent.

I have just returned from LaPorte, Indiana, where the famous OilPull tractor is built. I was privileged to attend a two weeks' tractor school in company with other dealers selected by the Advance-Rumely Thresher Company to take this course.

I went to LaPorte determined to get the utmost out of this course and to justify my appointment as an Advance-Rumely distributor. I got all of that—plus an increased respect and enthusiasm for the product and the Company that makes it.

I wish every farmer around here could see the inside of the OilPull factory. In the first place, it is a whale of a plant—the machine shop alone is 800 feet long—but what impresses you next to the bigness of it, is the way things are organized and the thoroughness with which the goods are manufactured, inspected and tested.

I was pretty well satisfied before I went down to LaPorte that the materials and work-

manship that went into the OilPull were the best that went into any tractor. Now I am SURE of it.

We dealers didn't play at that school. It was hard work, a minimum of talk and a maximum of action. We learned the OilPull motor by taking it apart and putting it together. The same with the transmission, and every part of the construction and operation of the OilPull that a man has got to know. I wouldn't sell what I learned at the OilPull school in LaPorte.

What does all this mean to you, you say? It means just this. My two weeks at the OilPull factory have given me a knowledge and experience of not only how the OilPull is made and how it works, but how to keep it working. I have a foundation for a Tractor Service to my customers that can't be equalled in these parts. I put the time in down there at LaPorte for the sole reason that I could take proper care of my customers' interests.

In the Rumely OilPull Tractor I am not only selling absolutely the most efficient, dependable and economical tractor on the market—and guaranteed, remember—but I am backing it with a personal service that means something.

W. D. DREW

ADVANCE-RUMELY DISTRIBUTOR

DIXON

ILLINOIS



SOLDIERS' LETTERS

FROM GLENN RYNEARSON.

November 30, 1918.

Dear Mother, Dad and All:  
Merry Christmas to you all and I hope and trust that it will be one spent in great rejoicing and that you will have a Happy New Year and I know that you will enjoy that for we have nothing to look forward to but thrift and happiness in that good old country of ours. Nothing like a year ago, when we had nothing in front of us but the dark ravages of war.  
I am at last back with my company after being in the hospital for about a month. I sure was a mighty sick man for a week or more while there. I had pneumonia and for three days, the nurse told me before leaving, they were not sure they would pull me through or not. I am sure that I could not have had better treatment if I had been in a big hospital in Chicago. The nurses were wonderful and I had a good doctor, Dr. Gelsen, of San Francisco. It was an American Red Cross hospital and they fed me well there and took good care of my wants. I can not say too much for the Red Cross for it is a wonderful organization and anything donated to them sure goes for a good cause.  
The day the Armistice was signed, I was sitting up beside my bed in an easy chair and I sure had no trouble in telling when it wall all over for such a bomb of guns, and ringing of bells. I have never heard in my life, (except, of course, on the farm). Sick ones were even well enough to crawl out of bed, those that were sitting could at least stand and give a good shout. Those who were in the convalescent ward, mostly wounded men, some on crutches, some limping, some with bandages over their eyes, and a lot of these men would never again see the battle front even of the war continued—had a parade up and down between the buildings with the commanding officer of the hospital at the head of it, carrying a big American flag. By the way this was the first one I had seen in France. They were singing and shouting and another funny feature of the parade was that these men were dressed in pajamas, bath robes, and a pair of shoes. I feel just like the nurses said to me—just think what all that excitement means, at last this awful flow of blood has ceased. While I sat their thinking about the amazement of it all and wishing that I could have been with the boys in my company at the last, they were in the very thick of it with old Fritz in the Woel plain. Our infantry had started their advance against the Huns on this plain only a few days before and had advanced some few kilometers and had resumed the advance on the morning of the eleventh; they met with very stiff resistance on this morning and the call was sent to the engineers to reinforce them. The boys had only gotten into it when the firing ceased, but they say that in those last few moments old Fritz sent over more stuff than at any other time during the morning. He even turned his biggest guns at a high altitude with time fuses on the shells so that they would light among our advancing troops. The boys say that those last few moments were hell on earth and as long as they had lived through that they were sure to live the rest of eternity without so much as having a scratch. Then things got quiet all of a sudden as if all the men of both sides had "kicked in," as they received the order to cease firing. Then came the big sight of all when old Fritz flew the white flags from his lines. The fellows said that the Fritzies came over to them; some had souvenirs and others only to shake hands with the American Doughboys. There was one fist fight when one of these Fritzies made the remark that as soon as things were settled down he was going to the U. S. to live. That was too much for the doughboy and he immediately started to show this Fritz that he could use his fists as well as the American army had fought on the battle field. This finished that celebration for our officers sent the Fritzies from our lines. But the rest of that day and night was spent in great excitement, shooting up lights and flares. It sure was a great day and just think, today there is not a German enemy on French soil.  
This Woel plain was directly in front of Metz and Metz could be seen from the observation posts. On the other side of this plain was a high hill and then only a short ways to Metz. Fritz had this plain just covered with mines and the tanks sure would have gotten some reception. This Woel plain was at the extreme end of what is called the St. Mihiel salient.  
I left the division after they had moved into the salient. I was here only two days and returned to the division and am living in the same dug-out I was living in when I was taken sick. It is the best dug-out that I have lived in since I have been in France. It is one that was built by the Germans and they did have good mechanics. There are places for about 80,000 men in this one woods (St. Remy) all built by Fritz and taken from him on the drive of September 12th. Today I am in a dug-out in the Saint Remy woods, a little northeast of Bar-le-duc and about twenty kilometers west of Metz. We expect to move from here any time but there are so many rumors about that, one hardly knows what to believe. Some say we are going to Strassburg and others say we are going back along the sea coast somewhere to wait for our turn to sail for that good old U. S. A. There are many discussions among

the fellows in regard to how long it will be before we are back, but every conversation is started with, "When we get back" and that's all we can think of, and I am sure I have had enough of France. I hope it will not be long before I can put my feet under the table with the rest of you folks and enjoy some of those good eats you spoke of that were awaiting me. I am sure it will not be many months and then if I could be lucky ones in my life it might be quite soon, surely hope so.  
I have seen this country and plenty of this war to last me the rest of my life. I got on the boat May 6th and sailed from Hoboken on the 8th, in the German ship, George Washington, which surely is a beauty. We arrived at the harbor of Brest, which surely is a beauty. We arrived at the harbor of Brest on the 18th and had our go with the subs on the night of the 17th, but we had a convoy of ten sub chasers which had joined us forty-eight hours out from shore and they drove him off. This sub, or another one got a boat that day that was anchored in the harbor. When we left Brest we went to the northern part of France to a place called Diesmart, then hiked to Avesnes, where we stayed until we moved up to the zone of operations. We got six or seven bombings in this place and drilled in the day time. When we moved again it was to the front, so we hiked to Avesnes where we took a train to Poulainville, just outside of Amiens; from there we hiked to Woinloy and this is the hike I told you about long ago which was the worst one we ever had, about twenty-two miles. This place was under shell fire and we were under shell fire from about June 6th or 7th until the middle of August. Our division went over the top for the first time on the Somme the morning of July 4th, at Hamel woods and this was the battle Ogden Moore was hurt in. They did many stunts while on the Somme at Albert. The biggest stunt was the taking by our boys of Chippie Ridge, after the English had failed and called for reserves. This was on the 9th of July. I was on the first patrol that went into Albert when Fritz evacuated from this side of Albert to the high ground on the other side of the river. I was with the English regiment, the 22nd Londoners, on this night and the only American in the patrol. My job was to see if Fritz had mined the bridges or blown them up on the other side of town. We never got to the river for we met one of Fritz's patrol just before we entered the town and a fight a plenty happened, then we made our way to the other side of town, such as was left of the place. There we found that Fritz had not taken all his men to the other side of the river, but had left his outposts on this side of about twenty men each and well supplied with machine guns and trench mortars. We drew fire from one of their outposts and another one opened on us, but we had a good position and started to make our way back to our lines. Our lines were a good ways from there and what made it seem a good deal farther was because there were plenty shells landing in Albert. We finally got back and then I was on a detail of engineers to go over the trenches and dug-outs Fritz had been in to see if he had mines set. We found the trenches free of mines but the dug-outs in the trenches full of mines and besides this he had filled them full of yellow cross gas and then boarded up the entrance so it could not escape. The infantry then came forward and took the trenches and we marked the dugouts mined so they would not go down in them. The next day we came back and removed the mines and I got gassed there, but only slightly. We did all sorts of work, such as building concrete machine gun places and the like. We were the first American division to be attached to the British forces. We were in the 4th corps of the 3rd British army and our division gave them a good impression of what the Yanks could do. We liked to fight with the British and Australian forces but were glad when the word came that we were to go south with the rest of the American forces.  
We took the train from Amiens and went south to Paris and then to Ligny near Bar-le-duc. We stayed in towns near here for a very short while and then were taken in automobiles or trucks to a place called Nixville, near Verdun. We were here one day and the next night moved to the front. Our dugouts were in Monzville, which was leveled to the ground. The front line was on the other side of hill No. 304. While there I had six men any myself who worked on putting in two machine gun outposts a half-mile in front of our front line. Well, it was moonlight most of the nights I had this job and we had to be on top of the ground a great deal. We were so close to Fritz's lines that we could hear the horse-training operations around his lines, so you can imagine we had some fun out there before we got those machine guns places finished. When we were relieved by another division we went back to Susie le Grand where we stayed a week.  
Then we moved up to Dead Man's Hill, the place that had cost the lives of about 600,000 Frenchmen in that one great battle of Verdun, when the French said: "They shall not pass." We immediately started preparations for an advance and we went over the top with the Infantry on the morning of Sept. 26, after putting up bridges for the Infantry to cross on, over a big swamp that lay in "No-Man's Land." We worked all night putting up the bridges, having carried the material into our front line trench the two nights before, under

heavy machine gun fire from Fritz, but we managed to have them done in time. I was tired then, having only finished the job on the bridges, and as soon as I got back in our trench the Captain gave the order to fix bayonets and we left our trench at 5:20 a. m. to drive Fritz back towards Germany. By 1 p. m. we had taken our final objective on the high ground on the west bank of the Meuse river and had accomplished in those few hours what the French said would take us six months. We started to dig in under heavy machine gun fire. I was sure I was so tired I would never get my hole dug, but if, sure is surprising how fast one can dig when some one is trying his best to number you among those "pushing up daisies." I had to get down several times while digging this hole, but when I did finish it, I stayed there until relieved. We went back of the lines a ways the next day and started to work on the roads. We next advanced on the 8th of October and on this day we had to build bridges across the Meuse river, and—Oh, say!—that was the worst job I ever did have. The shells landed around us while we were doing this job at the rate of 95 per hour and he did manage to knock three bridges down before we finally gnished it. The infantry went over it immediately and met their first resistance in taking the town of Conservoy and back of this town started the Argonne woods battle and, believe me, there was some fighting in this woods. The division was relieved on the 23rd of October and we hiked to Verdun, staying there for one night, then hiked the next three nights and found ourselves on the front where we are now.  
I left the division after two days here to go to the hospital. On my way back from the hospital I spent a day and a half in Paris. It sure was a great day, for they were celebrating the liberation of Alsace-Lorraine and it surely was the wildest mob I ever saw and they were still celebrating at 3 a. m. Paris is all you have ever read about.  
I went from Paris to Toul and was on the way to a camp when some one said, "Hello, Rhines," and I turned and there was Jake Snyder. He was in a truck and on his way to Metz. We had a short visit and he is the first Dixon fellow I have seen. He was as glad to see me as I was him. I left this camp at Toul a couple days later and came back to the company.  
I am getting The Telegraph O. K. Thanks very much. Did you get the German helmet I sent?  
Must close, wishing you all once again a merry Christmas and a happy New Year. As ever, Your son,  
GLENN.  
FROM JAKE SNYDER.  
Trier, Germany,  
Jan. 13, 1919.  
Dear Dad and Mother:  
Just a note. We stop here over night. I am down at the Red Cross getting some more chocolate. We expect to be at the end of our trip tomorrow. I think I saw Lee Brierton yesterday on the road. I am not sure, was going too fast to stop—it was near an aero field. Have been pretty lucky with the car, haven't had any trouble, not even a puncture. I get a job running it when I get there—driving the staff. Some class! I ran out of ink here. I just read in the paper where the 86th division is to have a blow-out in Chicago. Sure would like to be there, but no chance for some time. Have no kick coming. I sure have seen France. Came through country where I haven't been before. Got a good luck at Metz and have been in the largest cities in France now. We are back in Germany. Have spent about three hundred and fifty francs; that is about seventy dollars in our money. It will be nearly five months since I have been paid. They pay us in marks, so will have a bunch, about \$140 coming.  
Well, Dad, I expect some mail when I get there. Must go now. Hope you are all well. Love to mother. Tell her I am going to send her something from Germany. Everything is so darn high. Love to all.  
Your son,  
JAKE.  
Buechel, Germany,  
Dec. 22, 1918.  
Dear Dad and Mother:  
At last we are at one end of our trip in a little German village about twenty miles from Coblenz and the Rhine. Haven't been with the battery since I left. We have been hauling rations and supply up to them. Made a trip after gasoline for the trucks the other night to a rail head, seventy miles round trip, in a blindfold sleet and snow storm. The road is along the Moselle river all the way and was a little cold on the hands.  
Today is Sunday and a nice sunny day. Four of us are quartered in one of the German homes. They are very nice to us. We are going to have fried potatoes and no flap-jacks for supper. They sure know how to make them good. The old German lady puts me in mind of Mrs. C. Mrs. Weidman's mother. They all have gone to church and left the house to us so we are cleaning up. If we get paid before Christmas we are going to have a chicken for dinner. I have three months pay coming, but we will only get two now. No chance to spend anything here, so I will have something when I get back. No one knows when that will be.  
Got two letters yesterday from you of November 12th and 18th, telling me of the big time you had November 11th. Sure would like to have been there.  
And so you think you will try the picture game. That sounds pretty good.

Suppose you are having lots of snow.  
Also got a Christmas card from M., which I will enclose and a letter from Uncle John and a Christmas card from some one else that did not sign their name, and a bunch of papers, six rolls. It is going to take me some time to read them.  
A delay of six hours in this letter. I had to quit writing this morning to deliver a load of rations and also a load of coal. Come back and just got through supper, so I am full of flapjacks and they surely were good. We are having a snow storm now. The fellows were out hunting today and brought back two deers, so I guess we will have a Christmas dinner. Haven't got the box as yet, but hope to in a few days. We are going after the mail tomorrow with two trucks. They say there is a carload at the rail head, so there should be a box for yours truly.  
Will have to cut this for this time. I don't know what I will do when I get back but suppose there will be something to do, don't care what it is. I can do almost anything from using a pick to running a tractor. Tell mother I will send something as soon as I can get to a town of any size to get something. We are not allowed to have any German relics in our possession up here—that is war relics,—and anyway if you have seen as much of it as I have you wouldn't want to see them again. All we want now is to get home. The Chicago paper says that they are going to keep soldiers over in France for two years.  
In mother still knitting? If you run the picture house mother can go every night and the best of it is, it won't cost her anything. That is one reason why I think it is a good thing. Ha, ha!  
Give my best to all. Hope you had a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. Will write again soon. Love to Mother and granddad. Your son,  
JAKE.  
Buechel, Germany,  
Dec. 26, 1918.  
Dear Dad and Mother:  
Just got the Christmas box right on time and also a letter dated October 27th. It had been delayed somewhere. Some pen! It is a dandy. Sure glad to get the cigs. Have a cartoon of Piedmont, but prefer the Sweets. I bought eighty dollars worth of cigarettes and chewing tobacco for the boys the day before Christmas when I was at Coblenz. Oh, yes, I have been there. Will tell you about my trip and how I spent Christmas eve. I sent you a card of the place I stayed all night.  
A lieutenant, my helper, and myself left in the truck Tuesday noon to set to find something for Christmas dinner. We drove all afternoon and finally landed at Coblenz just at dark, in time to get a glimpse at the Rhine river. Sure is a great place, about the third or fourth largest city in Germany, but we didn't have much time for sight-seeing. We went to the rail head, had a good supper, then went to the Quartermaster to buy the stuff. You see, each battery has a mess fund and this was extra. We got a whole load, left at ten, got about five miles out, and was caught in a blinding snow storm, so we pulled into a farmyard, got the farmer up and he took us in and gave us a good feather bed. Had a good night's sleep for once. We pulled out in the morning, had to break the road, which was slow work—many hills to climb—got back to the battery about three o'clock Christmas afternoon, too late for there Christmas dinner, so they had to have it today. Now that is the way I spent Christmas and Christmas Eve. I wondered many times what you had for dinner and what you all were doing.  
It is pretty cold here and about six inches of snow. Made one trip today about eight miles with rations. We have a good warm place to sleep so it is not so bad if it were not for the cooties and we all have them. The fellow who says he hasn't them is a d— liar. They are German cooties and don't understand much English. Hope to leave here when we leave here, but Lord only knows when that will be.  
So you think that I will be sent to Camp Grant, do you? That would be nice, but I think that only applies to the drafted men and men not assigned. My idea is that we will be sent to Texas to be mustered out, but can't tell a thing about it. Don't care where it is just so it is in the good old U. S. A.  
What I want to do is to get on the road. I have lots of nerve now and think I can sell most anything, so keep your eyes open. Well, dad, will have to cut this as the light is getting low. They are only allowed so much coal oil a month and have to go slow with the lights.  
How is mother? Did she get my card? I also got a letter from Mrs. Weidman today. She told me that she was making apple butter. I am going to make a trip out there when I get back to get some of it. Give my best to all. Love to mother and Granddad. Hope you are all well and haven't the flu. Your son,  
J. A. Snyder, 13th F. A., Battery B.

**AMBOY,**  
Forest Ullrich has arrived from overseas and is expected home from Camp Grant in a few days.  
Mrs. John Hartzell is a patient at the Amboy hospital.  
Miss Emma McKeever, of Chicago, spent the week-end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McKeever.  
Miss Byrd, of Dixon, was a recent guest at the Fred Merrow home.  
Mrs. W. B. Holliday is visiting relatives in Minnesota.  
F. B. McCreary spent Thursday in Chicago.  
Miss Bessie Moore was here a few days last week moving her household goods to Roscoe, Ill., where she will make her future home.  
Pvt. Charles Gillan, of Camp John Wise, San Antonio, Tex., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Gillan.  
The school children enjoyed the "Story Hour" which was held at the Lincoln school Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. These meetings are held every two weeks at one of the school buildings under the auspices of the Parent-Teachers' Ass'n. The children of the rural schools are especially invited.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Frost, of Sterling, Colonel and S. D. Front, of Leola, S. D., are visiting at the Aschenbrenner homes in Lee Center.  
Miss Mary McNich, of Mendota, spent the week-end at the John Ottenheim home.  
The Baptist Ladies' Aid was entertained at the home of Mrs. F. J. Merrow Wednesday, Mrs. Lula Buchman assisted the hostess.  
Kyle Miller, of Lee Center has moved to Amboy and is occupying the Gentry house on Mason street.  
Miss Nita Badger, of Chicago, is spending a week's vacation from her work at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Badger.  
Miss Agnes Reilly of the State bank, spent Saturday at the George Drew home in Dixon.  
Mrs. L. A. Hurlbert is very ill and under a nurse's care at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. F. B. Doty.  
The Arbutus club will give a Mother-Goose party at the Mason's banquet room Thursday afternoon.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Dillow and family who resided in the Gentry house on Mason street, have moved to the A. H. Nichols farm in Viola township.  
D. W. Craig is very ill at his home on Blackstone street.  
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Webster, of Aurora, were recent visitors at the C. G. Buckingham home.  
Mrs. Kate Morgridge is visiting in Watertown.  
Miss Lyle Earl, of DeKalb, is a guest of the eGorge Gibson family.  
**LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR**  
Bring Back its Color and Lustre with Grandma's Sage Tea Recipe.  
Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use preparation improved by the addition of other ingredients a large bottle, at little cost, at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of muss.  
While gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant and you appear years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.  
**BAD TEETH OFTEN CAUSES RHEUMATISM**  
So Says James H. Allen, Who Drove Out Rheumatic Poison After Being Grippled for Years.  
SAYS IT'S EASY WHEN YOU HAVE THE RIGHT MEDICINE  
Take my prescription, which all first-class druggists dispense under the name Allenru, says James H. Allen. In two days it will start to drive the poisonous uric acid from your joints and muscles and free you from all rheumatic pains and agony and reduce swollen joints.  
Rheumatic poison often gets into the system through decayed teeth, and in consequence people who desire to avoid rheumatism in years to come should have bad teeth attended to at once.  
Wear warm clothes, get out in the fresh air and sunshine whenever possible; keep the body clean, drink plenty of pure water, don't overload the stomach and avoid alcohol, even in its mildest form.  
These are precautions worth heeding, but to banish all signs and traces of rheumatism and do it quickly, hundreds of well people, once full of rheumatism, will freely urge you to get a bottle of Allenru at once.  
The blessed relief this marvelous prescription quickly gives has made for it thousands of friends. It is Mr. Allen's own discovery; it made him strong and well after rheumatism had crippled him and made him unfit for work. It is guaranteed.

Men's Shirts, odd and a little soiled .....\$1.00  
Working and dress Gloves .....\$1.00  
Socks—4 and 5 pair .....\$1.00  
A large lot of men's odd Hats .....\$1.00  
Men's suits made to measure, new spring samples. See the fine suits for .....\$25.00

**Todd's Hat Store**  
Phone 465 Opera House Block

**OATS**  
**FARMERS ATTENTION**  
If you have white or yellow oats that will grade three and can deliver within ten days, call phone 84 or 53. It will pay you to get our prices.

**UNIVERSAL OATS CO.**

**Change of Tractor Date**  
FROM  
**Feb. 27th to March 4th**



Reason for change—The Tractor Show at Kansas City from Feb 24th to March 1st, has taken the men who would have been here on Feb. 27th.

**ON ABOVE DATE---MARCH 4TH**  
we will have  
**Thrashing Machinery and Feed Grinder Being Operated by the Tractor**

Also complete line of other machinery for Tractor and a representative for each machine from factory. Hoping to see you all at that time.

**Geo. Nettz & Co.**  
DIXON, ILL.

**YOUR LAST 30%**  
Payment on Liberty Bond is now due—Please take notice.

**UNION STATE BANK**  
DIXON, ILL.

**STARCHED OR SOFT THE ARROW**  
IS A DEPENDABLE INDICATOR OF A SMART SERVICEABLE COLLAR  
CUTTER, PERDUE & CO., INC., MAKERS, TROY, N. Y.

Prescott Purchased Shanks Est. Property

George Prescott has purchased from Ed. Dysart, administrator of the estate of John Shank, the residence property belonging to the estate, located at the corner of North Galena avenue and Everett street. The consideration has not been made public.



## Telegraph Want Ads

—FOR 25 WORDS—

One Time	..... 25
(1c for each additional word)	
Three Times	..... 50
(2c for each additional word)	
Six Times (one week)	..... 75
(3c for each additional word)	
Twelve Times (two weeks)	..... \$1.25
(5c for each additional word)	
Twenty-six Times (one month)	..... \$2.25
(9c for each additional word)	
Reading Notices, per line	..... .10
Reading Notices in City in Brief, per line	..... .15

## WANTED

**WANTED**—We secured a large contract for furs, 5,000 skunks and 25,000 muskrats, also a quantity of all kinds of furs of this sector. In order to fill this contract, we will pay highest prices for all your furs. Do not miss this opportunity and give us a trial. We also handle all kinds of junk and hides. Snow & Weinman, River St., Dixon, Ill. Phone 81.

**WANTED**—Girls; steady employment, good working conditions and good wages. Apply at once. Borden's Condensed Milk Co. 267-1f

**WANTED**—Second girl. Apply to Mrs. W. J. McAlpine, 204 Ottawa ave. 15-1f

—Every night you will get your money's worth at the Princess Theater. Go see for yourself. 112

The Telegraph has a well equipped job office in connection with its newspaper plant. When in need of job printing of any description ask for prices.

**WANTED**—To buy second-hand billiard and pocket-billiard tables, show cases and roll top desks. Write full particulars to C. Herbert Lewis, 208 South Main st., Rockford, Ill. 37-1f

**WANTED**—Man and wife to do general housework at Whiteside county farm. Steady employment for the right parties, good wages, no children. Whiteside Co. Farm, Round Grove, Ill. 44-16

**WANTED**—Housekeeper and cook for Dixon Country Club. Apply in writing and furnish reference to O. M. Rogers, Secretary. 48-13

**WANTED**—Coal hot water heater. Call L. A. Pitcher, phone 19. 48-13

## FOR SALE

**FOR SALE OR RENT**—Thoroughly modern six room residence with garage. Corner lot, 50x150, on West Third street. Address T., care 1st. office. 19-1f

**FOR SALE**—Live fish at the market at 418 River St. Telephone Y-694. 43-1f

**FOR SALE**—The Pinkerton tract of fifteen acres of land, lying opposite Lowell park, with a river frontage of thirty rods, and a highway leading to the Grand Detour Road will be sold at public auction at the north door of the court house in Dixon, on Friday, February 28th, at two o'clock p. m. This is a very desirable tract of ground with some work land, and the remainder a wooded tract along the river, with a beautiful location for summer cottages. For further particulars inquire of A. B. Pinkerton, or H. C. Warner, Atty., Dixon, Ill. 45-15

**FOR SALE**—8-room modern house, 403 East Everett street. Corner lot, 75x150. Enquire at house or at W. S. Leslie's store. 32-126

**PUBLIC SALE**—Howard Irvin & Son, Polo, will hold a public sale on March 15 of Aberdeen-Angus cattle and Duroc bred sows. 40-1

**FOR SALE**—Two brood sows and yearling bull; also 15 bushels of spring wheat. H. H. Hoser, Phone 57400. 47-13

**FOR SALE**—8-room house, in first-class condition; located in East End. Twenty minutes walk to Bandusky Cement Works and ten minutes walk to town. Call evenings at 1722 West First St. 46-16

**FOR SALE**—5 tons of Clover hay, in the mow within 3 miles of Dixon on hard road. C. R. Leake. 45-13

**FOR SALE**—Two parlor suites; 2 beds; washing machine; wringer; heating stove. Call at 115 Monroe Ave. Telephone Y-1187. 49-3\*

**FOR SALE**—An extra good full blooded Jersey bull calf. Also fancy hand-picked navy beans at 10c a lb. John B. Houchens, Dixon, R. 6, near Cook school house. 48-13\*

**FOR SALE**—8-room house, with large barn, garage, 2 hen houses and other outbuildings with 3 acres of ground. A bargain for somebody. 1106 Walnut ave. Phone Y-757. 46-16\*

## FOR RENT

**FOR RENT**—Store and fixtures in a small town. Rent cheap. Address N. P., care Telegraph. 19-1f

**FOR RENT**—To lady, furnished room, modern conveniences, location central. Call between 6 p. m. and 8:30 a. m. 321 East Third st. Phone Y-254. 47-13

**FOR RENT**—Four-room flat over Money Back Tire Shop. Electric light, gas and furnace heat, hard wood floors. Phone 132. 48-1f

## MARKETS

**Editor's Note**—Because the quotations furnished by the various merchants of Dixon do not coincide, the Telegraph finds it impossible to quote all of the prices daily, and hereafter will quote only those prices which seem most advantageous to seller or purchaser.

Oats—white . . . 53; mixed . . . 50  
Corn . . . . . 1.00 to 1.15

### LOCAL PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

	Pay	Sell
Creamery butter	.....	.63
Dairy butter	.....	.50
Lard	.....	.25
Eggs	.....	.32
Potatoes	.....	1.00 to 1.40

### LIVE POULTRY.

Springers	.....	.20
Light hens	.....	.20
Heavy hens	.....	.22
Old roosters	.....	.14
Ducks, white Pekin	.....	.17
India Runner Ducks	.....	.10
Muscovy Ducks	.....	.10
Geese	.....	.15
Turkeys	.....	.24
Old Tom Turkeys	.....	.18

### FEBRUARY MILK PRICE.

February milk price, \$3.50 per hundred pounds, for 3.5 butter fat. Increase or decrease of 4 cents per point for milk testing above or below that basis.

### DRINK HOT TEA FOR A BAD COLD

Get a small package of Hamburg Breast Tea at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teacup full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus driving a cold from the system.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

## RUB BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO RIGHT OUT

Rub Pain and Stiffness away with a small bottle of old honest St. Jacobs Liniment

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a 30 cent bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the ache and pain right out of your back and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly!

## FOR SALE

Some good income city property.

Wanted to list 200 Lee county Farms for sale. Can suit you if you wish to buy a farm.

## GEO. FRUIN

Room 33

National Bank Building  
Dixon, Ill.

## SOLDIERS' LETTERS

An extract from a letter of recent date from John E. Earle to his aunt, Mrs. Herbert A. Martin, tells of a French decoration to be given:

"On Wednesday, January 22nd, General De L'espee, the French General, who commands this region, came to town and of course had luncheon with our commanding general. After lunch I was called to the phone and asked to go to the General's quarters. When I arrived there I found three Major Generals, five Brigadiers, and the French General De L'espee, who then informed me that I had been proposed for the decoration of 'Officer of Public Instruction' because of the work that I had done in the zone and the cordial relations that obtained between the French and Americans, due to that work.

The decoration is the next highest to the 'Legion of Honor' and this is the only zone to be so decorated.

I deeply appreciated the proposed honor as well as the warm hand shaking that followed and am looking forward with profound interest and pleasure to the time of presentation of the Ribbon.

My kindest remembrances to all inquiring Dixon friends.

JOHN E. EARLE.

## SOLDIERS' LETTERS

Vignulles, France,  
Nov. 27, 1918.

Editor, The Evening Telegraph,  
Dixon, Ill.

Dear Sir: Just a line to have you know of my arrival in France. Owing my recent silence probably the people of Dixon have come to the conclusion that I have fallen over board.

Having traveled through England and France I find that a warm reception usually awaits the American soldiers, therefore I have learned to admire the country and its picturesque scenery.

I was fortunate enough to hear a few shells burst and see the terrific flashes from the big guns and yet remain to tell of the three lucky "eleven's" which we played.

We are now living in small rude Dutch constructed huts which are very comfortable indeed. Being situated between the second and third line trenches on the day during which the hostilities ceased, it would probably have fallen to our lot to have gone to the front in the course of a few hours and there I am quite sure the grand old 803rd Infantry

would have won for herself a victorious record in the history of the great world war. As sergeant I would have fallen to my lot to have led "over the top" and I can always count on my boys following suit.

However, it is apparently all over, over here, and we are all expecting to return to the "Land of Stars and Stripes" in the near future.

The three lucky eleven's make game for us and "craps" for the Kaiser. Wishing all a Merry Christmas. I am very respectfully,

Sgt. James Dickerson (Colored)  
Formerly of Dixon, Ill., now with Co. C, 803rd Infantry, A. E. F.

## LOCUSTS WILL HIT ILLINOIS ABOUT MAY 10

By Associated Press

Urbana, Ill., Feb. 26.—The 17-year-old locust is due to appear in Illinois about May 10, probably in the eastern counties, in most of Indiana and in the western half of Ohio," says J. R. Mallock of the Natural History survey of the University of Illinois.

"The bug last made its appearance in 1902. The maximum number will appear the first week in June and suddenly disappear late that month. This so-called locust does not attack vegetation. Its mouth parts are not fitted for biting, but for sucking. The adults eat nothing and the young feed on three roots. Females bore under twig bark and lay their eggs. This boring tends to split the twig, mulling the smaller branches and sometimes cause loss of an entire crop. Oak, hickory and apple trees are especially attacked.

Many spraying experiments have been tried with little success. A kerosene emulsion will kill the locust but great care must be taken in its use as it is very injurious to trees. Bordeaux mixture gives a degree of immunity from the bug in orchards acting as a repellent and preventing egg laying. The use of a wire screen fastened around the tree about six feet up on the trunk is probably the best way to exterminate the locust.

♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦  
♦ If you want what you want when you want it, in the printing line—we have it! ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦  
THE TELEGRAPH ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦ ♦

## WOMEN'S SPECIMEN

### Official Primary Ballot

Candidates for Nomination for Mayor and Commissioners of the City of Dixon, Illinois, at the Primary Election to be held on Tuesday, March 11th, 1919.

FOR MAYOR.

(Vote for One.)

- ☐ COLLINS DYSART  
319 Crawford Ave.
- ☐ AUGUSTUS C. MOELLER  
1018 Hennepin Ave.
- ☐ MARK D. SMITH  
513 E. McKinney St.
- ☐ JAMES W. WATTS  
605 N. Ottawa Ave.

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Vote for Four.)

- ☐ JOHN J. ARMSTRONG  
320 Lincoln Ave.
- ☐ JOHN BENNETT  
414 Eleventh St.
- ☐ GEORGE A. CAMPBELL  
317 Crawford Ave.
- ☐ JOHN FITZSIMMONS  
503 Seventh St.
- ☐ JOSEPH E. MILLER  
208 E. First St.
- ☐ FRANK D. PALMER  
806 Galena Ave.
- ☐ R. A. RODESCH  
121 E. Boyd St.
- ☐ WM. V. SLOTHOWER  
1422 Third St.
- ☐ GEORGE W. SMITH  
207 E. Boyd St.
- ☐ ALBERT B. WHITCOMBE  
313 Sixth St.
- ☐ JULIUS C. WILLIAMS  
319 Sixth St.

BLAKE GROVER,  
City Clerk.

## Closing Out Sale

The undersigned will hold a closing out sale on the John W. Wingert farm, situated 6 1/2 miles east of Dixon on the Daysville road, 5 miles west of Franklin Grove and 1 mile east and 1 1/2 miles north of Nachusa, on

### THURSDAY, MARCH 6

The following described property:

#### 5—HEAD OF HORSES—5

Consisting of 1 gray gelding 5 years old, weight 1700; 1 brown mare 5 years old, weight 1650; 1 gray mare 7 years old, weight 1400; 1 gray mare 9 years old, weight 1500; 1 black mare 10 years old, weight 1300.

#### 10—HEAD OF CATTLE—10

Some fresh and balance heavy springers.

#### 8—HEAD OF HOGS—8

Consisting of sow and seven pigs.

#### EIGHT TONS OF HAY IN BARN

About 250 bushels of corn; some shocked fodder; 200 hens; 1 hard coal stove; 1 range; 1 heating stove; 300 bushels of oats.

#### FARM MACHINERY

One 8-foot Deering binder; 1 McCormick mower; 1 John Deere disc; 1 John Deere gang plow; 1 Star corn planter; Dandy corn plow; Great Western manure spreader. This machinery is all nearly new. Lumber wagon; hay rack; 4-section harrow; Stewart horse clipper; shovels, forks and other articles too numerous to mention.

Free Lunch at noon. Sale immediately after.  
TERMS MADE KNOWN ON DAY OF SALE.

## PELTON & PETERSON

R. RUTT, Auctioneer

HARRY WARNER, Clerk

## MEN'S SPECIMEN

### Official Primary Ballot

Candidates for Nomination for Mayor and Commissioners of the City of Dixon, Illinois, at the Primary Election to be held on Tuesday, March 11th, 1919.

FOR MAYOR

(Vote for One.)

- ☐ COLLINS DYSART  
319 Crawford Ave.
- ☐ AUGUSTUS C. MOELLER  
1018 Hennepin Ave.
- ☐ MARK D. SMITH  
513 E. McKinney St.
- ☐ JAMES W. WATTS  
605 N. Ottawa Ave.

FOR COMMISSIONERS

(Vote for Four.)

- ☐ JOHN J. ARMSTRONG  
320 Lincoln Ave.
- ☐ JOHN BENNETT  
414 Eleventh St.
- ☐ GEORGE A. CAMPBELL  
317 Crawford Ave.
- ☐ JOHN FITZSIMMONS  
503 Seventh St.
- ☐ JOSEPH E. MILLER  
208 E. First St.
- ☐ FRANK D. PALMER  
806 Galena Ave.
- ☐ R. A. RODESCH  
121 E. Boyd St.
- ☐ WM. V. SLOTHOWER  
1422 Third St.
- ☐ GEORGE W. SMITH  
207 E. Boyd St.
- ☐ ALBERT B. WHITCOMBE  
313 Sixth St.
- ☐ JULIUS C. WILLIAMS  
319 Sixth St.

BLAKE GROVER,  
City Clerk.

## SPECIMEN

### Official Primary Ballot

FOR POLICE MAGISTRATE

Candidates for Nomination for Police Magistrate of the City of Dixon, Illinois, at the Primary Election to be held on Tuesday, March 11th, 1919

FOR POLICE MAGISTRATE.

(Vote for One.)

- ☐ W. G. KENT  
321 Hennepin Ave.
- ☐ HAROLD F. SELLER  
Court House, Dixon, Ill.

BLAKE GROVER,  
City Clerk.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES

Correct time of all passenger trains leaving Dixon. Daily except where otherwise specified: (Effective Sunday, Nov. 24, 1918).

No.	East Bound	Ar Chicago
6	.....	3:28 a. m.
24	.....	6:40 a. m.
28 (Ex. Sun.)	.....	7:23 a. m.
18	.....	11:02 a. m.
20	.....	1:19 p. m.
4	.....	4:11 p. m.
12	.....	7:33 p. m.
100 (Sunday only)	.....	4:15 p. m.

No.	West Bound	Ar Chicago
5	.....	6:50 a. m.
19	.....	10:30 a. m.
17	.....	12:15 p. m.
27 (Ex. Sun.)	.....	3:45 p. m.
11	.....	6:00 p. m.
25	.....	8:10 p. m.
3	.....	11:20 p. m.

Peoria passenger leaves Dixon 8:30 a. m.

\*No. 1 stops at Dixon on flag no extra fare.

## ILLINOIS CENTRAL RY.

Correct time of all trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers and freight.

No.	South Bound	Ar Chicago
119	.....	7:22 a. m.
31 Clinton Express	.....	8:16 p. m.

North Bound

132 Ft. Dodge Ex. .... 9:53 a. m.

20 Mail ..... 6:21 p. m.

Freepoint Freight ..... 12:30 p. m.

\*Daily except Sunday.

## TIME THE MAILS CLOSE

The following table shows the time of closing of all mail forwarded from Dixon postoffice. Mail should be in the postoffice ten minutes preceding the locking or closing time to insure its dispatch.

No.	East Mail.
6	..... 2:45 a. m.
28	..... 6:55 a. m.
4	..... 3:50 p. m.
12	..... 7:10 p. m.
18	..... 10:40 a. m.
No.	West Mail.
5	..... 9:55 a. m.
19	..... 12:50 p. m.
27	..... 6:40 p. m.
9	..... 8:50 p. m.
15	..... 2:45 a. m.
No.	South Mail.
119	..... 6:55 a. m.
131	..... 4:50 p. m.
No.	North Mail.
132	..... 9:30 a. m.
120	..... 5:50 p. m.

WM. F. HOGAN, Postmaster.

JAS. W. BALLOU, Assistant.

—Look at the little yellow tag on your Telegraph.

**5% FARM LOANS 5%**  
Long Time—Optional Payments—Write  
A. G. HARRIS Dixon, Ill.

## FARM LOANS

Unlimited funds at lowest interest rate for long term, with liberal payment privileges stopping interest. Write H. A. Roe Company, Dixon, National Bank Bldg., Dixon, Ill.

## CARPET WEAVING

## A. C. LEASE

124 E. First St., Dixon, Ill.

## BROWN SHOE CO.

Women and Girls wanted to learn Shoe making. Steady work, good pay. Free Nursery for children.

FOR RENT—Office rooms: large, light, hardwood finish, running water, electric light and gas; over the Dixon Evening Telegraph office, 124 E. First street. Enquire of Mrs. Eustace Shaw, Evening Telegraph.

If you do not receive your paper at the proper hour, call our city circulation manager—ROBERT FULTON  
TEL. Y 1106

WE HAVE FOR SALE Ranges, Heating Stoves, Beds of all kinds, Mattresses, Furniture of all description.

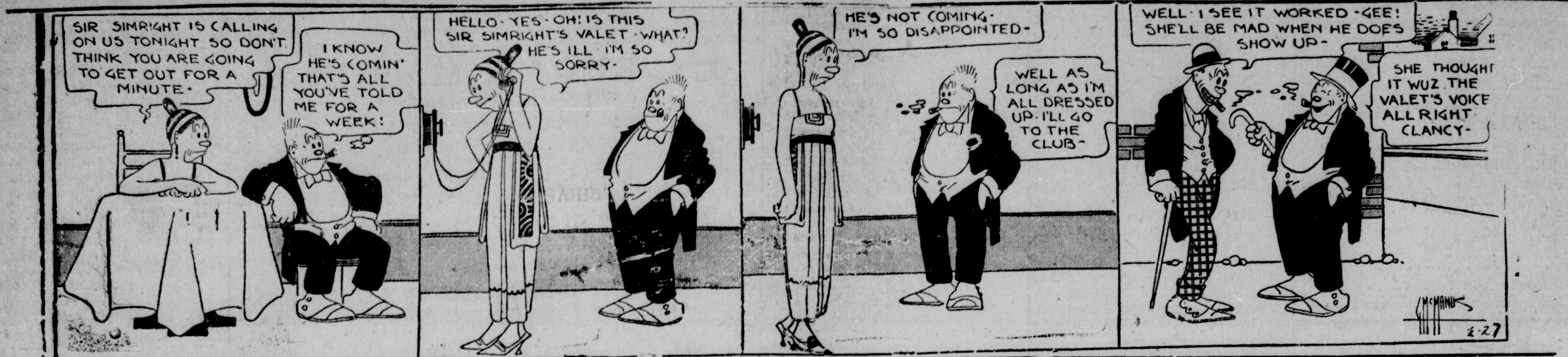
THE EXCHANGE  
E. N. TRAUTMAN, Prop.  
723 Depot Ave. Phone 557



## Bringing Up Father

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By George McManus



## DIXON LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION

Syndicate Building  
Dixon, Ill.OTTO WITZLEB  
PLUMBING AND HEATING

141 W. First St. Phone 69

THOS. OWEN.  
PAINTER, PAPER HANGER  
AND HOUSE AND CHURCH  
DECORATOR1223 West Sixth Street  
Phone 1803 Dixon, Ill.S. W. LEHMAN, M. D.  
Dixon, Ill.  
SPECIAL OFFICE CONSULTANT  
and  
DISEASES OF WOMEN AND  
CHILDRENTRAVELERS'  
INSURANCE CO.Hartford, Conn.  
THEO. J. MILLER, JR.  
DISTRICT AGENT  
FIFTH FLOOR - DIXON NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

## SPECIAL PRINCESS THEATRE TONIGHT

THURSDAY—J. Warren Kerrigan in "THREE  
X GORDON." Universal Weekly.FRIDAY—Henry B. Walthall in "AND A STILL  
SMALL VOICE." Christie Comedy.

ADMISSION: MATINEE, 5c and 10c; NIGHTS, 10c and 15c

Dixon Teams Ready  
for District Meet

The Dixon and North Dixon High school basketball teams are all primed for the district tournament which opens in Rockford tomorrow, and they will leave for that city tomorrow morning confident of giving good accounts of themselves. The south side high team plays the first game of the tournament, meeting Sycamore at 7 o'clock tomorrow evening.

CHAS. E. VAN LOAN ILL. Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 26.—Charles E. Van Loan, humorist and writer of sporting and other stories, is seriously ill at the Abington Memorial hospital. He came east two or three weeks ago on business and became ill while in this city. His wife and two children have arrived in Abington from their home at Los Angeles, Cal.

HAS NEW POSITION.  
Miss Elizabeth Long has resigned her position at the Woolworth store and accepted one in the Murlo Confectionery.

The Telegraph is a member of the Audit Bureau of Circulations, which is of great value to the advertiser.

Staples, Moyer & Schumm  
MORTICIANS  
Funeral Directors  
Office phone 676 311 First St.  
Res. phones — Staples K-1181;  
Moyer K-561; Schumm Y1769.

WE PAY  
HIGHEST PRICES FOR OLD CARS  
JUNK, HIDES, FURS AND WOOL.  
D. KATZ  
Phone 85 315 Highland Ave.

UMBRELLA  
Clothes  
Bars  
THE UMBRELLA CLOTHES BAR

Arms operate independently and are of one piece of wood—no balls to come off.  
Revolving head—each arm filled without taking a step.  
When closed it may be kept in the corner of the way.

—HANDY IN THE LAUNDRY  
—HANDY IN THE KITCHEN.  
—HANDY IN THE NURSERY.  
—HANDY ANYWHERE.

Price—No. 1, \$2.25; No. 2, \$2.00  
Special Price, Saturday and Monday  
No. 1—\$1.80 No. 2—\$1.65

W. H. WARE  
211 First St. Dixon, Ill.

Trap Gun  
and Rod  
by Tom Marshall

The innovation era in sports has arrived. January 9th, 1919, there was born into the trapshooting world a new organization for the encouragement and promotion of The King of Outdoor Sports—Trapshooting. For 23 consecutive years Elmer E. Shaner as Sponsor-Manager, later assisted by his son, E. Reed Shaner, as Secretary, both of Pittsburg, Pa., successfully and safely piloted the Interstate Trapshooting Association, through the rapid original organization, steering clear of the rocks of initiatory rules and rulings, without a line of precedent. The resignation of the well known Shaners, virtually dissolved the Interstate Trapshooters' Association. There was immediately brought into existence a recognized parent organization. The American Trapshooters' Association, with headquarters at 460 Fourth Avenue, New York City. Stoney McLinn of New York was elected Manager and E. R. Galvin of Wilmington, Treasurer. Stoney McLinn as editor of the American Shooter magazine, requires no special introduction to the shooting fraternity. As sporting editor of several leading daily papers he is well and favorably known. A better selection could not have been made. McLinn is a man of dynamic force, understanding the necessities and peculiarities of the trapshots, with the ability, tact and disposition to cater to and conciliate the legions active and prospective devotees of the Sport Alluring. Mr. Galvin has made a deep study of the intricacies of the art of trapshooting and will be a most valuable adjunct to the McLinn cabinet. Never was there a more opportune time for trapshooting promotion than the present. Uncle Sam has intensively trained and educated approximately 4,000,000 men to shoot and handle a gun, they are returning to their homes by the millions, satiated and weary of camp life with its necessary restrictions. Discipline has been their camp slogan while the bugler has tooted out his discordant reveille, calling the dough boys and gobs to early morning activities.

Reception handshaking will soon be over, our returning heroes will be expected in the near future to assist in the fuel furnishing, to keep the home fires burning, the routine of business life awaits them, which will become the daily grind. Educated to the life in the open, those are the legitimate fields to which they will turn for their diversion, sports and recreation, which all red-blooded men must have and enjoy. What could be more logical than the health-giving patriotic sport in which they have been trained, which our government officials and military experts endorse unhesitatingly—Trapshooting. The Sport Alluring should immediately jump to the position of the

mediate results—organization. Every major sport of America. There is but one answer and solution for every city, town, country club or cross roads is a possibility. A Flying Squadron of 15 men under the direction of a practical shooter and organizer will cover the major portion of available towns in a state in from 30 to 60 days, establishing at least two clubs per week for every man in the organization, a total of 30 clubs per week averaging 20 members representing 600 new converts to the trapshooting game per week. Clubs should immediately be banded into leagues of approximately 6 clubs each, all clubs and leagues to consolidate with state organizations, which are directly affiliated with the American Trapshooters' Association, the parent governing organization. A campaign of this character should be started at once, it is a sport promotion plan that is demanded and justly due our returning soldiers, sailors and aviators. Give them the line of sport they want and are trained to enjoy.

This organization plan is feasible and has been successfully planned and executed in the past. A systematic campaign will create a statewide interest and most towns will become shooting centers. America will enjoy a season of universal preparedness, which is a guarantee of permanent and perpetual peace. With a million expert and accurate marksmen within our gates we have an immense standing army who are and would be 80% efficient when called to the colors. This without taxation or a dollar of overhead expense to the dear people at large. Stoney—now is the accepted time.

ANSWERS TO NIMRODS.  
Question: When attending the Grand American Handicap last year I noticed the different positions of men at the trap. Also noticed some men pointed their guns directly over the trap house, low down, while others pointed the muzzle of their guns high in the air. Which is the proper position at trap and which is the correct method of holding a gun?  
Thomas Hendrickson.  
Louisville, Ky.

Answer: Take a position at the trap, which is easy to yourself, favoring the bird or angle that seems to give you the most difficulty, by turning your feet and body in that direction to a slight degree. In my judgment the best results are obtained by holding just above the trap house which enables one to see the target at the time of its immediate start from the trap. Keep both eyes open, locate the target as soon as possible after its start and shoot just as soon as you can pull yourself together for concentration.

Question: I have a receipt for the manufacture of powder which cost me \$5; am told the formula is not safe, please advise me, as I would like to make powder both as a diversion and for use.  
Minneapolis, Minn. F. U. D.  
Answer: You have been duped against the old fake, which some people have been working for years. Your formula is no doubt the old chlorate of potash and granulated sugar combination. Don't attempt the manufacture; it is unsatisfactory and dangerous. Many guns have been burst with this powder and many hands blown off sportsmen when shooting. Don't be persuaded to attempt its manufacture.

Schoolgirl Slashed to  
Death By a Stranger

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 26.—Fourteen-year-old Nellie Chappel, daughter of Dwain Chappel, was slashed to death today in the business section of Maple Plain, a suburb. The girl was returning to school when a middle-aged man, seemingly demented, attacked her. A posse of deputies was sent out.

A. F. & A. M. SPECIAL.  
Members of Friendship Lodge No. 7 A. F. & A. M. are urged to attend the special meeting of the lodge which will be held at 7 o'clock this evening for work.

## OBITUARY

MRS. DAVID JOHNSON.

Maranda A. Bogardus, daughter of Jacob E. and Harriett B. Bogardus, was born in Lysander, Onondago county, New York, April 30, 1835. In 1845, at the age of ten years, she came west to Illinois with her parents, settling in Buffalo township, Ogle county, near Poio. She grew to womanhood there and on October 25, 1854, was married to David D. Johnson, who departed this life July 5, 1904. To them were born fourteen children, all of whom, with the exception of two who died in infancy, are living, and all but one of the surviving children were at her bedside during her last illness, which was of short duration.

She moved to Wisconsin in March, 1877, locating on a farm in the town of Geneva, residing there until 1888 when she moved to the city of Lake Geneva. In 1889 she moved to Springfield which city remained her home until her death. Her surviving children are: Sarah A. Hollenbeck and George Johnson, of Springfield; Charles H. of Polo; Ida E. Palmer, of Belmont, Wis.; James W. Owen, John N. and Nina R. Malsch, of Lake Geneva, Wis.; Bertram A. of Grays Lake, Ill.; Leslie A. of Beloit, Wis.; Carrie D. Myers, of St. Charles, S. D.; and Alice M. Beham, of Wickersham, Wash. She is also survived by 37 grand children and 40 great grand children.

During the Civil war her husband served his country in the union army, being a member of the 7th Illinois Cavalry, and in the recent world war eight of her grandsons were with the American army in France.

The remains were taken to Polo Wednesday afternoon and the funeral services were held at the Charles John home, with burial at Fairmont cemetery.

LEAP YEARS AND  
HOW IT LEAPS

Leap year is a year which leaps over, as it were, one day more than an ordinary year; a year which contains 366 days, as distinguished from an ordinary year, which includes only 365 days. Every year the number of which is divisible by 4 is a leap year, except when it happens to be any number of hundreds not divisible by four.

Thus 1884 was a leap year, but not 1900, this omission of leap years in such centuries being necessary to correct the error which arises from the excess of the addition of one day in four years (i.e. six hours) to the year over the true length of the year, i. e.: 365 days 5 hours 49 minutes.

HOME FROM HOSPITAL.  
Mrs. Floyd Osbaugh, who underwent an operation at the Dixon hospital a few weeks ago, was removed to her home today.

## The BARGAIN COUNTER

Merchandise to Their Patrons

NOTICE.  
Become a member of the Investor's Protective Association of America. For further information write them for literature. N. L. Amster, Pres., Equitable Bldg., Boston, Mass. 11

LAND.  
Anyone wishing to buy a farm in Dakota at a bargain should communicate with Wadsworth Land Co., Langdon, N. D.

Ask for the Webb Chemical Company Poultry Remedies. Sold by Dixon druggists. 11

Use Cinderella Dye Soap when you wish to color a waist or dress. 11

Use Tred-wel non-skid and ribbed tread tires and Last-wel grey and red tubes. Twin Tube & Rubber Co. 11

## This Week

Your Dollar Will Buy—

9 cans fancy Tomatoes;  
9 cans fancy Sweet Corn;  
10 cans red beans;  
10 cans No. 3 size, Hominy;  
3 pounds Nut Butter;  
3 pounds Armour's oleo;  
20 cakes Santa Claus Soap;  
24 cakes Fairbanks Laundry Soap;  
10 lbs. Yellow Sugar;  
Nine cans Pork and Baked Beans;  
4 No. 3 size cans Peaches;  
3 No. 3 cans sliced Pineapple;  
8 lbs. Sweet Prunes;  
9 cans String Beans;  
7 tall cans Hebe Milk;  
4 large bottles large Catsup;  
One-third sack best Flour.

Geo. J. Downing  
GROCER

CHARGE ACCOUNTS—FREE DELIVERY—WE CALL FOR YOUR ORDERS

JONES  
UNDERTAKING PARLORS  
Lady Embalmer  
AMBULANCE SERVICE  
116 Galena Ave.  
Phones: Office 204; Res., 228

6% First Mortgages  
FOR SALE. Secured by farms well improved. Worth 2 to 3 times amount of mortgage. Interest and principal collected free. Call or write Robert H. Scott, Atty., Dixon, Ill.

## Same Old Prices

Hair Cut 25c  
Shave - 15c

Have secured more help and can now give you prompt service

L. W. Loescher  
Under Rowland's Drug Store

## STORAGE

Household furniture, pianos, stove merchandise, etc. Large, dry brick building, private room when desired.

DIXON FRUIT CO.  
Telephone 1001. 302-304 E. River St.

## If You Paid Us \$1000.00

We could Not Sell You a Better Piano than the JANSSEN

We could get you a fancy case and stick on a lot of knick-knacks, but we could not get you a better piano. Don't let anyone bam-boozle you. Use your own hard common sense when you buy a piano. If you do, you will buy a JANSSEN.

## STRONG PIANO SHOP

Next to Keyes'.

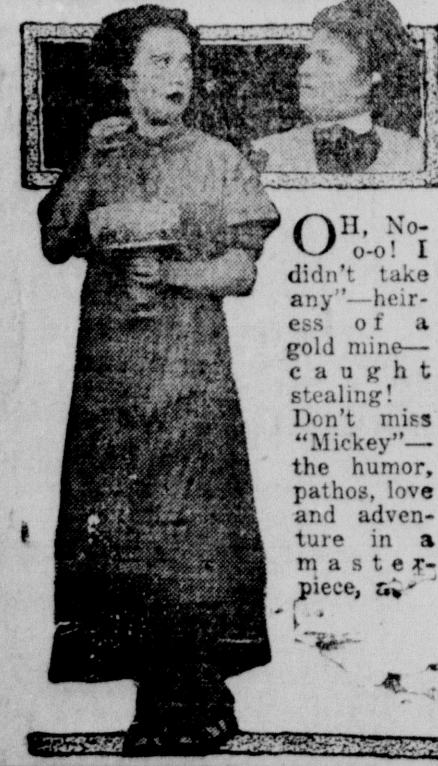
\$ Dollar Day Specials \$  
ALL THIS WEEK

A dollar broom ..... 69c  
16 cans small Carnation milk ..... \$1.00  
3-lb. bacon squares ..... \$1.00  
25 bars Mascot soap ..... \$1.00  
8 lbs. fancy rice ..... \$1.00  
10 lbs. buckwheat ..... 83c  
18 lbs. bulk oat meal ..... \$1.00  
11 cans oil sardines ..... \$1.00  
17 bars Classic soap ..... \$1.00  
20 bars Mechanics' soap ..... \$1.00  
18 cans small Hebe milk ..... \$1.00  
4 lbs. fancy bulk coffee ..... \$1.00  
10 pkgs. seeded raisins ..... \$1.00  
9 bars Palm Olive soap ..... \$1.00  
3 cans sliced pineapples ..... \$1.00  
3 lbs. brick codfish ..... \$1.00  
5 cans whole tomatoes ..... \$1.00  
5 cans Maine corn ..... \$1.00  
7 cans Creve Coeur pumpkin ..... \$1.00  
7 cans red kidney beans ..... \$1.00  
8 pkgs. mince meat ..... \$1.00  
4 cans fancy apricots ..... \$1.00

THE PURE FOOD STORE  
W. C. JONES  
605-607 DEPOT AVE. —FREE DELIVERY— PHONES 105-127

FAMILY THEATRE TONIGHT @  
TOMORROW

MABEL NORMAND in "MICKEY"



## Mabel Normand

In a Super-Picture that comes but once in a Life-time

## "MICKEY"

The greatest picture of its kind ever produced. Everyone is singing "Mickey," playing "Mickey," dancing to "Mickey" and waiting to see "Mickey"—the whole world will adore "Mickey". The picture you will never forget.

2 DAYS--TODAY AND TOMORROW

MATINEE 2:30 NITE 7:15 and 9

Adults 25c Children 15c

Ask anyone that attended the Matinee